

SAFETY DATA SHEET

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

STSPRIMER-96.- SHOP PRIMER

Version 1 Date of compilation: 30/06/2017

Version 4 (replaces version 3)

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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name: 96.- SHOP PRIMER
Product Code: STSPRIMER

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.

Not available.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Company: **PINTURAS AYELENSES, S.L.**
Address: POLÍGONO SAN JOSÉ, S/N
City: AIELO DE MALFERIT
Province: VALENCIA
Telephone: 962360292
Fax: 962360601
E-mail: info@pinturaspinay.com
Web: www.pinturaspinay.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number: 962360292 (Only available during office hours; Monday-Friday; 08:00-18:00)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Eye Dam. 1 : Causes serious eye damage.
Flam. Liq. 2 : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Skin Irrit. 2 : Causes skin irritation.
STOT SE 3 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2 Label elements.

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Pictograms:



Signal Word:

Danger

H statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

P statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use... to extinguish.

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EUH statements:

EUH208 Contains Fatty acids,C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains:

2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol
phosphoric acid . %, orthophosphoric acid. %
Polyvinyl butyral resin

2.3 Other hazards.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.

3.1 Substances.

Not Applicable.

3.2 Mixtures.

Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

Identifiers	Name	Concentrate	(*)Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
			Classification	specific concentration limit
Index No: 603-117-00-0 CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7 Registration No: 01-2119457558-25-XXXX	[1] propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol	20 - 75 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 603-108-00-1 CAS No: 78-83-1 EC No: 201-148-0 Registration No: 01-2119484609-23-XXXX	[1] 2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol	3 - 10 %	Eye Dam. 1, H318 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - STOT SE 3, H335 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
CAS No: 63148-65-2	Polyvinyl butyral resin	1 - 10 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - STOT SE 3, H335	-
Index No: 015-011-00-6 CAS No: 7664-38-2 EC No: 231-633-2 Registration No: 01-2119485924-24-XXXX	[1] phosphoric acid . %, orthophosphoric acid. %	1 - 10 %	Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Skin Corr. 1B, H314: C ≥ 25 % Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 10 % ≤ C < 25 % Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 10 % ≤ C < 25 %
Index No: 606-005-00-X CAS No: 108-83-8 EC No: 203-620-1 Registration No: 01-2119474441-41-XXXX	[1] 2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one, di-isobutyl ketone	0 - 10 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H335	STOT SE 3, H335: C ≥ 10 %

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CAS No: 147900-93-4	Fatty acids,C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine	0.1 - 1 %	Acute Tox. 4, H302 - Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - Skin Sens. 1, H317 - STOT SE 3, H335	-
Index No: 603-004-00-6 CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6 Registration No: 01-2119484630-38-XXXX	[1] butan-1-ol	0 - 1 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H302 - Eye Dam. 1, H318 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - STOT SE 3, H335 - STOT SE 3, H336	-

(*) The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet.

* See Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, Annex VI, section 1.2.

[1] Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. Its repeated or prolonged contact with the skin or mucous membranes can cause irritant symptoms such as reddening of the skin, blisters, or dermatitis. Some of the symptoms may not be immediate. They can cause allergic reactions on the skin.

4.1 Description of first aid measures.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

Inhalation.

Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration. Do not administer anything orally. If unconscious, place them in a suitable position and seek medical assistance.

Eye contact.

Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance. Don't let the person to rub the affected eye.

Skin contact.

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion.

If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Corrosive Product, contact with eyes or skin can cause burns; ingestion or inhalation can cause internal damage, if this occurs immediate medical assistance is required.

Contact with eyes may cause irreversible damage.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Request immediate medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. Do not induce vomiting. If the person vomits, clear the respiratory tract. Cover the affected area with a dry sterile bandage. Protect the affected area from pressure or friction.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.

The product is Highly inflammable, it can cause or considerably worsen a fire, the necessary prevention measures should be taken and risks avoided. In case of fire, the following measures are recommended:

5.1 Extinguishing media.

Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguisher powder or CO₂. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray.

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Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

Special risks.

Fire can cause thick, black smoke. As a result of thermal decomposition, dangerous products can form: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

During a fire and depending on its magnitude the following may occur:

- Flammable vapors or gases.

5.3 Advice for firefighters.

Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways. Follow the instructions given in the emergency or fire evacuation plan or plans if available.

Fire protection equipment.

According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots. During extinction and depending on the magnitude and proximity to the fire, additional protective equipment such as chemical protection gloves, heat-reflecting suits or gas-tight suits may be required.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Eliminate possible ignition points and ventilate the area. No smoking. Avoid breathing fumes. For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions.

Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Contain and collect spillage with inert absorbent material (earth, sand, vermiculite, Kieselguhr...) and clean the area immediately with a suitable decontaminant.

Deposit waste in closed and suitable containers for disposal, in compliance with local and national regulations

6.4 Reference to other sections.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling.

The fumes are heavier than air and can spread across the ground. They can form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive fume concentrations in the air; prevent fume concentrations above work exposure limits. The product must only be used in areas where all unprotected flames and other ignition points have been eliminated. Electrical equipment has to be protected according to applicable standards.

The product can be electrostatically charged: always use earth grounds when transferring the product. Operators must use anti-static footwear and clothing, and floors must be conductors.

Keep the container tightly closed and isolated from heat sources, sparks, and fire. Do not use tools that can cause sparks. For personal protection, see section 8.

In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.

Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.

Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers. Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 25° C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills.

The product is not affected by Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III).

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7.3 Specific end use(s).

Not available.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.

8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

Name	CAS No.	Country	Limit value	ppm	mg/m ³
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol	67-63-0	United Kingdom [1]	Eight hours	400	999
			Short term	500	1250
		Éire [2]	Eight hours	200	
			Short term	400	
		United States [3] (Cal/OSHA)	Eight hours	400	
			Short term	500	
		United States [4] (NIOSH)	Eight hours	400	
			Short term	500	
		United States [5] (OSHA)	Eight hours	400	980
			Short term		
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol	78-83-1	United Kingdom [1]	Eight hours	50	154
			Short term	75	231
		Éire [2]	Eight hours	50	150
			Short term	75	225
		United States [3] (Cal/OSHA)	Eight hours	50	
			Short term		
		United States [4] (NIOSH)	Eight hours	50	
			Short term		
		United States [5] (OSHA)	Eight hours	100	300
			Short term		
phosphoric acid . %, orthophosphoric acid. %	7664-38-2	European Union [6]	Eight hours		1
			Short term		2
		United Kingdom [1]	Eight hours		1
			Short term		2
		Éire [2]	Eight hours		1
			Short term		2
		United States [3] (Cal/OSHA)	Eight hours		1
			Short term		3
		United States [4] (NIOSH)	Eight hours		1
			Short term		3
United States [5] (OSHA)	Eight hours		1		
	Short term				
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one, di-isobutyl ketone	108-83-8	United Kingdom [1]	Eight hours	25	148
			Short term		
		Éire [2]	Eight hours	25	150
			Short term		
		United States [3] (Cal/OSHA)	Eight hours	25	
			Short term		
		United States [4] (NIOSH)	Eight hours	25	
			Short term		
		United States [5] (OSHA)	Eight hours	50	290
			Short term		
butan-1-ol	71-36-3	United Kingdom [1]	Eight hours		154
			Short term	50	
		Éire [2]	Eight hours	20	
			Short term		
		United States [3] (Cal/OSHA)	Eight hours	(Ceiling) 50	
			Short term		

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	United States [4] (NIOSH)	Eight hours	(Ceiling) 50	
		Short term		
	United States [5] (OSHA)	Eight hours	100	300
		Short term		

[1] According Limit Value (IOELV) list in 2nd Indicative Occupational Exposure adopted by Health and Safety Executive.

[2] According Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemicals Agents) Regulations adopted by Health and Safety Authority (HSA).

[3] California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).

[4] According Compendium of Policy Documents and Statements adopted by National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH).

[5] According Occupational Health and Safety Standards and US Code of Federal Regulations adopted by US Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

[6] According both Binding Occupational Exposure Limits (BOELVs) and Indicative Occupational Exposure Limits (IOELVs) adopted by Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits to Chemical Agents (SCOEL).

The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.

Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

Name	DNEL/DMEL	Type	Value
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	500 (mg/m ³)
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	89 (mg/m ³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	888 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (General population)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	319 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (General population)	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	26 (mg/kg bw/day)
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol CAS No: 78-83-1 EC No: 201-148-0	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	310 (mg/m ³)
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	55 (mg/m ³)
phosphoric acid . %, orthophosphoric acid. % CAS No: 7664-38-2 EC No: 231-633-2	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	1 (mg/m ³)
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	0,73 (mg/m ³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	2 (mg/m ³)
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one, di-isobutyl ketone CAS No: 108-83-8 EC No: 203-620-1	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	290 (mg/m ³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	479 (mg/m ³)
butan-1-ol CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	310 (mg/m ³)
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	55 (mg/m ³)
	DNEL (General population)	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,125 (mg/kg bw/day)

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.

Concentration levels PNEC:

Name	Details	Value
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	aqua (freshwater)	140,9 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	140,9 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	140,9 (mg/L)
	sediment (freshwater)	552 (mg/kg sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	552 (mg/kg sediment dw)

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	Soil	28 (mg/kg soil dw)
	STP	2251 (mg/L)
	oral (Hazard for predators)	160 (mg/kg food)
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol CAS No: 78-83-1 EC No: 201-148-0	aqua (freshwater)	0,4 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,04 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	11 (mg/L)
	STP	10 (mg/L)
	sediment (freshwater)	1,52 (mg/kg sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	0,152 (mg/kg sediment dw)
	soil	0,0699 (mg/kg soil dw)
butan-1-ol CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6	aqua (freshwater)	0,082 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,0082 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	2,25 (mg/L)
	STP	2476 (mg/L)
	sediment (freshwater)	0,178 (mg/kg sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	0,0178 (mg/kg sediment dw)
	soil	0,015 (mg/kg soil dw)

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.

8.2 Exposure controls.

Measures of a technical nature:

Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

Concentration:	100 %		
Uses:			
Breathing protection:			
PPE:	Filter mask for protection against gases and particles.		
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III. The mask must have a wide field of vision and an anatomically designed form in order to be sealed and watertight.		
CEN standards:	EN 136, EN 140, EN 405		
Maintenance:	Should not be stored in places exposed to high temperatures and damp environments before use. Special attention should be paid to the state of the inhalation and exhalation valves in the face adaptor.		
Observations:	Read carefully the manufacturer's instructions regarding the equipment's use and maintenance. Attach the necessary filters to the equipment according to the specific nature of the risk (Particles and aerosols: P1-P2-P3, Gases and vapours: A-B-E-K-AX), changing them as advised by the manufacturer.		
Filter Type needed:	A2		
Hand protection:			
PPE:	Protective gloves.		
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II.		
CEN standards:	EN 374-1, En 374-2, EN 374-3, EN 420		
Maintenance:	Keep in a dry place, away from any sources of heat, and avoid exposure to sunlight as much as possible. Do not make any changes to the gloves that may alter their resistance, or apply paints, solvents or adhesives.		
Observations:	Gloves should be of the appropriate size and fit the user's hand well, not being too loose or too tight. Always use with clean, dry hands.		
Material:	PVC (polyvinyl chloride)	Breakthrough time (min.):	> 480
		Material thickness (mm):	0,35
Eye protection:			
PPE:	Protective goggles with built-in frame.		

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Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Eye protector with built-in frame for protection against dust, smoke, fog and vapour.	
CEN standards:	EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168	
Maintenance:	Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions.	
Observations:	Some signs of wear and tear include: yellow colouring of the lenses, superficial scratching of the lenses, scraping etc.	
Skin protection:		
PPE:	Anti-static protective clothing.	
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Protective clothing should not be too tight or loose in order not to obstruct the user's movements.	
CEN standards:	EN 340, EN 1149-1, EN 1149-2, EN 1149-3, EN 1149-5	
Maintenance:	In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer.	
Observations:	The protective clothing should offer a level of comfort in line with the level of protection provided in terms of the hazard against which it protects, bearing in mind environmental conditions, the user's level of activity and the expected time of use.	
PPE:	Anti-static safety footwear.	
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II.	
CEN standards:	EN ISO 13287, EN ISO 20344, EN ISO 20346	
Maintenance:	The footwear should be checked regularly	
Observations:	The level of comfort during use and acceptability are factors that are assessed very differently depending on the user. Therefore, it is advisable to try on different footwear models and, if possible, different widths.	

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance: Liquid with characteristic odour and colour

Colour: N.A./N.A.

Odour: N.A./N.A.

Odour threshold: N.A./N.A.

pH: N.A./N.A.

Melting point: N.A./N.A.

Boiling Point: N.A./N.A.

Flash point: 18 °C

Evaporation rate: N.A./N.A.

Inflammability (solid, gas): N.A./N.A.

Lower Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A.

Upper Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A.

Vapour pressure: N.A./N.A.

Vapour density: N.A./N.A.

Relative density: 0,97-1,03

Solubility: N.A./N.A.

Liposolubility: N.A./N.A.

Hydrosolubility: N.A./N.A.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A./N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A./N.A.

Decomposition temperature: N.A./N.A.

Viscosity: N.A./N.A.

Explosive properties: N.A./N.A.

Oxidizing properties: N.A./N.A.

N.A./N.A. = Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

9.2 Other information.

Dropping point: N.A./N.A.

Blink: N.A./N.A.

Kinematic viscosity: N.A./N.A.

N.A./N.A. = Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.

10.1 Reactivity.

The product does not present hazards by their reactivity.

10.2 Chemical stability.

Unstable in contact with:

- Acids.
- Bases.
- Oxidizing agents.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.

In certain conditions this may cause a polymerization reaction.

10.4 Conditions to avoid.

Avoid the following conditions:

- Heating.
- High temperature.
- Contact with incompatible materials.

10.5 Incompatible materials.

Avoid the following materials:

- Acids.
- Bases.
- Oxidizing agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.

Depending on conditions of use, can be generated the following products:

- COx (carbon oxides).
- Organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. Its repeated or prolonged contact with the skin or mucous membranes can cause irritant symptoms such as reddening of the skin, blisters, or dermatitis. Some of the symptoms may not be immediate. They can cause allergic reactions on the skin.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. The inhalation of spray mist or suspended particulates can irritate the respiratory tract. It can also cause serious respiratory difficulties, central nervous system disorders, and in extreme cases, unconsciousness.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the product can cause the elimination of oil from the skin, giving rise to non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption of the product through the skin.

Splatters in the eyes can cause irritation and reversible damage.

Toxicological information about the substances present in the composition.

Name	Acute toxicity			
	Type	Test	Kind	Value
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol	Oral	LD50	Rat	5050 mg/kg bw [1]
		[1] Gigiena i Sanitariya. For English translation, see HYSAAV. Vol. 43(1), Pg. 8, 1978		
CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	Dermal	LD50	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg bw [1]
		[1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 100, 1974		
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol	Inhalation	LC50	Rat	>10000 ppm (6 h) [1]
		[1] OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), study report, 1991		
	Oral	LD50	Rat	2830 mg/kg bw [1]

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CAS No: 78-83-1 EC No: 201-148-0		[1] Christopher, S.M. November 30, 1993. "Isobutanol: Acute toxicity and irritancy testing using the rat (peroral and inhalation toxicity) and the rabbit (cutaneous and ocular tests)". Bushy Run Research Center, Union Carbide Corp. Lab. Proj. ID 92U1166
	Dermal	LD50 Rabbit 4240 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Smyth H.F. Jr. et al.: AMA Arch. Ind. Hyg. Occup. Med., 10, 61-68, (1954) as cited in IUCLID.
	Inhalation	
butan-1-ol CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6	Oral	LD50 Rat 4360 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Union Carbide Corp. Bushy Run Research Center, Project Report No.14-73. Export, PA. 1951.
	Dermal	LD50 Rabbit 3402 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Union Carbide Corp. Bushy Run Research Center, Project Report No.14-73. Export, PA. 1951.
	Inhalation	LC50 Rat 7500 ppm (8 h) [1] [1] Union Carbide Corp. Bushy Run Research Center, Project Report No.14-73. Export, PA. 1951.

a) acute toxicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

b) skin corrosion/irritation;

Product classified:

Skin irritant, Category 2: Causes skin irritation.

c) serious eye damage/irritation;

Product classified:

Serious eye damage, Category 1: Causes serious eye damage.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

g) reproductive toxicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

h) STOT-single exposure;

Product classified:

Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3:

i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Not conclusive data for classification.

j) aspiration hazard;

Not conclusive data for classification.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

12.1 Toxicity.

Name	Ecotoxicity
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	Type	Test	Kind	Value
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	Fish	LC50	Fish	9640 mg/l (96 h) [1] [1] Brooke, L.T., D.J. Call, D.L. Geiger, and C.E. Northcott 1984. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>), Vol. 1. Center for Lake Superior Environmental Stud., Univ. of Wisconsin-Superior, Superior, WI :414
	Aquatic invertebrates	LC50	Crustacean	1400 mg/l (48 h) [1] [1] Blackman, R.A.A. 1974. Toxicity of Oil-Sinking Agents. Mar.Pollut.Bull. 5:116-118
	Aquatic plants	Toxicity threshold	<i>Scenedesmus quadricauda</i>	1800 mg/L (7 d) [1] [1] Comparison of the Toxicity Thresholds of Water Pollutants to Bacteria, Algae, and Protozoa in the Cell Multiplication Inhibition Test, Water Research Vol. 14. pp. 231 to 241
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol CAS No: 78-83-1 EC No: 201-148-0	Fish	EC50	<i>Pimephales promelas</i>	1430 mg/L (96 h h) [1] [1] Brooke, L.T. et al., 1984. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>). Vol. I. Center for Lake Superior Environmental Studies. University of Wisconsin-Superior.
	Aquatic invertebrates	EC50	<i>Daphnia magna</i>	1300 mg/L (48 h) [1] [1] Elnabarawy MT, Welter AN, Robideau RR. 1986. relative sensitivity of three daphnid species to selected organic and inorganic chemicals. Environ Toxicol Chem 5: 393-398.
	Aquatic plants	EC90	<i>Selenastrum capricornutum</i> (<i>Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata</i>)	717 mg/L (96 h) [1] [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.
butan-1-ol CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6	Fish	LC50	<i>Pimephales promelas</i>	1376 mg/L (96 h) [1] [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.
	Aquatic invertebrates	EC50	<i>Daphnia magna</i>	1328 mg/L (48 h) [1] [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.
	Aquatic plants	EC90	<i>Selenastrum capricornutum</i> (<i>Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata</i>)	717 mg/L (96 h) [1] [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.

12.2 Persistence and degradability.

No information is available regarding the biodegradability of the substances present.

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No information is available on the degradability of the substances present. No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.

Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

Name	Bioaccumulation			
	Log Pow	BCF	NOECs	Level
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	0,05	-	-	Very low
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol CAS No: 78-83-1 EC No: 201-148-0	0,76	-	-	Very low
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one, di-isobutyl ketone CAS No: 108-83-8 EC No: 203-620-1	2,56	-	-	Low
butan-1-ol CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6	0,84	-	-	Very low

12.4 Mobility in soil.

No information is available about the mobility in soil.
The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways.
Prevent penetration into the ground.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

12.6 Other adverse effects.

No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

13.1 Waste treatment methods.

Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.
Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.

Transport following ADR rules for road transport, RID rules for railway, ADN for inner waterways, IMDG for sea, and ICAO/IATA for air transport.

Land: Transport by road: ADR, Transport by rail: RID.

Transport documentation: Consignment note and written instructions

Sea: Transport by ship: IMDG.

Transport documentation: Bill of lading

Air: Transport by plane: ICAO/IATA.

Transport document: Airway bill.

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14.1 UN number.

UN No: UN1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name.

Description:

ADR: UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG III, (D/E)

IMDG: UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG III

ICAO/IATA: UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG III

14.3 Transport hazard class(es).

Class(es): 3

14.4 Packing group.

Packing group: III

14.5 Environmental hazards.

Marine pollutant: No

14.6 Special precautions for user.

Labels: 3



Hazard number: 30

ADR LQ: 5 L

IMDG LQ: 5 L

ICAO LQ: 10 L

Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR.

Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-E,S-E

Proceed in accordance with point 6.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code.

The product is not transported in bulk.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Volatile organic compound (VOC)

Product Subcategory (Directive 2004/42/EC): C - Primer (Wash primer)

Phase I* (from 01/01/2007): 780 g/l

Phase II* (from 01/01/2010): 780 g/l

(*) g/l ready to use

VOC content (p/p): 62,433 %

VOC content: 605,604 g/l

The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

Product classification according to Annex I of Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): N/A

The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.

The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

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15.2 Chemical safety assessment.

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Classification codes:

Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4
Eye Dam. 1 : Serious eye damage, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2 : Eye irritation, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2 : Flammable liquid, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid, Category 3
Skin Corr. 1B : Skin Corrosive, Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2 : Skin irritant, Category 2
Skin Sens. 1 : Skin sensitiser, Category 1
STOT SE 3 : Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3

Changes regarding to the previous version:

- Change in the hazard classification (SECTION 2.1).
- Removal of precautionary statements/hazard statements/pictograms/signal word (SECTION 2.2).
- Addition of precautionary statements/hazard statements/pictograms/signal word (SECTION 2.2).
- Changes in the composition of the product (SECTION 3.2).
- Modifications in the handling and storage precautions (SECTION 7.1).
- Modifications in the handling and storage precautions (SECTION 7.2).
- Addition of personal protective equipment (SECTION 8.2).
- Modifications of the personal protective equipment (SECTION 8.2).
- Modification in the values of the physical and chemical properties (SECTION 9).
- Modification of the information of the stability and reactivity conditions (SECTION 10.1).
- Modification of the information of the stability and reactivity conditions (SECTION 10.2).
- Modification of the information of the stability and reactivity conditions (SECTION 10.3).
- Modification of the information of the stability and reactivity conditions (SECTION 10.4).
- Modification of the information of the stability and reactivity conditions (SECTION 10.5).
- Modification of the information of the stability and reactivity conditions (SECTION 10.6).
- National legislative changes (SECTION 15.1).

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC)

1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards	On basis of test data
Health hazards	Calculation method
Environmental hazards	Calculation method

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

Abbreviations and acronyms used:

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ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
BCF: Bioconcentration factor.
CEN: European Committee for Standardization.
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.
EC50: Half maximal effective concentration.
PPE: Personal protection equipment.
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%.
LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.
Log Pow: Logarithm of the partition octanol-water.
NOEC: No observed effect concentration.
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.
RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

Key literature references and sources for data:

<http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html>

<http://echa.europa.eu/>

Regulation (EU) 2015/830.

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.