(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

# STIMPGMAGIG-95.- FIREPROOF PRIMER

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# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

#### 1.1 Product identifier.

95.- IMPRIMACIÓN IGNÍFUGA SECADO RÁPIDO Product Name:

STIMPGMAGIG Product Code:

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.

Not available.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

**PINTURAS AYELENSES, S.L.** Company:

POLÍGONO SAN JOSÉ, S/N Address: AIELO DE MALFERIT City:

Province: VALENCIA Telephone: 962360292 962360601 Fax:

E-mail: info@pinturaspinay.com Web: www.pinturaspinay.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number: 962360292 (Only available during office hours; Monday-Friday; 08:00-18:00)

#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquid and vapour.

### 2.2 Label elements.

# Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Pictograms:



# Signal Word:

#### Warning

H statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

P statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P280

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or

shower].

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use... to extinguish. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P501 Dispose of contents/container to ...

**EUH statements:** 

EUH208 Contains 2-butanone oxime; ethyl methyl ketoxime; ethyl methyl ketone oxime. May produce an allergic

reaction.

EUH208 Contains Fatty acids,C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### 2.3 Other hazards.

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In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

# **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.**

### 3.1 Substances.

Not Applicable.

#### 3.2 Mixtures.

Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

			(*)Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
Identifiers	Name	Concentrate	Classification	specific concentration limit
Index No: 601-022- 00-9 CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7 Registration No: 01- 2119488216-32-XXXX	[1] xylene	1 - 10 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-
Index No: 607-022- 00-5 CAS No: 141-78-6 EC No: 205-500-4 Registration No: 01- 2119475103-46-XXXX	[1] ethyl acetate	1 - 10 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 607-025- 00-1 CAS No: 123-86-4 EC No: 204-658-1 Registration No: 01- 2119485493-29-XXXX	[1] n-butyl acetate	1 - 20 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
CAS No: 13463-67-7 EC No: 236-675-5 Registration No: 01- 2119489379-17-XXXX	[1] Titanium dioxide	0 - 2.5 %	-	-
Index No: 601-023- 00-4 CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4 Registration No: 01- 2119489370-35-XXXX	[1] ethylbenzene	1 - 10 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT RE 2, H373(órganos de audición)	-
CAS No: 1163-19-5 EC No: 214-604-9 Registration No: 01- 2119472302-47-XXXX	[4] bis(pentabromophenyl) ether	0 - 2.5 %	-	-
Index No: 606-001- 00-8 CAS No: 67-64-1 EC No: 200-662-2 Registration No: 01- 2119471330-49-XXXX	[1] acetone, propan-2-one, propanone	0 - 10 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336	-

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Index No: 603-004- 00-6 CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6 Registration No: 01- 2119484630-38-XXXX	[1] butan-1-ol	0 - 1 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H302 - Eye Dam. 1, H318 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - STOT SE 3, H335 - STOT SE 3, H336	ı
Registration No: 01- 2119474196-32-XXXX	Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	0 - 10 %	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-
Index No: 051-005- 00-X CAS No: 1309-64-4 EC No: 215-175-0 Registration No: 01- 2119475613-35-XXXX	[1] antimony trioxide	0.1 - 1 %	Carc. 2, H351	-
Index No: 616-014- 00-0 CAS No: 96-29-7 EC No: 202-496-6 Registration No: 01- 2119539477-28-XXXX	[1] 2-butanone oxime, ethyl methyl ketoxime, ethyl methyl ketone oxime	0.1 - 1 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Carc. 2, H351 - Eye Dam. 1, H318 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	-
CAS No: 147900-93-4	Fatty acids,C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine	0.1 - 1 %	Acute Tox. 4, H302 - Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - Skin Sens. 1, H317 - STOT SE 3, H335	-
CAS No: 64742-48-9 Registration No: 01- 2119463258-33-XXXX	Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	0 - 10 %	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
CAS No: 22464-99-9 EC No: 245-018-1	[1] 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	0 - 3 %	Repr. 2, H361	-
CAS No: 111-84-2 EC No: 203-913-4 Registration No: 01- 2119463259-31-XXXX	[1] Nonane	0 - 0.25 %	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 607-089- 00-0 CAS No: 79-09-4 EC No: 201-176-3 Registration No: 01- 2119486971-24-XXXX	[1] propionic acid	0 - 10 %	Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Skin Corr. 1B, H314: $C \ge 25$ % Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 10 % $\le$ C < 25 % Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 10 % $\le$ C < 25 % STOT SE 3, H335: $C \ge 10$

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Index No: 607-230- 00-6 CAS No: 149-57-5 EC No: 205-743-6 Registration No: 01- 2119488942-23-XXXX	[1] 2-ethylhexanoic acid	0 - 3 %	Repr. 2, H361d ***	-
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<sup>(\*)</sup> The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet.

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration.

#### Eye contact.

Remove contact lenses, if present and if it is easy to do. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance.

#### Skin contact.

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

#### Ingestion.

If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

No known acute or delayed effects from exposure to the product.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

# **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.**

Flammable product, the necessary prevention measures should be taken in order to avoid risks, In case of fire, the following measures are recommended:

### 5.1 Extinguishing media.

#### Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguisher powder or CO2. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray.

### Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

### Special risks.

Fire can cause thick, black smoke. As a result of thermal decomposition, dangerous products can form: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

During a fire and depending on its magnitude the following may occur:

- Flammable vapors or gases.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters.

Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways. Follow the instructions given in the emergency or fire evacuation plan or plans if available.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> See Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, Annex VI, section 1.2.

<sup>[1]</sup> Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).

<sup>[4]</sup> Substance included in the list established under Article 59, paragraph 1, REACH (Candidate or subject to authorization).

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#### Fire protection equipment.

According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots. During extinction and depending on the magnitude and proximity to the fire, additional protective equipment such as chemical protection gloves, heat-reflecting suits or gas-tight suits may be required.

### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Eliminate possible ignition points and ventilate the area. No smoking. Avoid breathing fumes. For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions.

Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Contain and collect spillage with inert absorbent material (earth, sand, vermiculite, Kieselguhr...) and clean the area immediately with a suitable decontaminant.

Deposit waste in closed and suitable containers for disposal, in compliance with local and national regulations

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.**

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling.

The fumes are heavier than air and can spread across the ground. They can form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive fume concentrations in the air; prevent fume concentrations above work exposure limits. The product must only be used in areas where all unprotected flames and other ignition points have been eliminated. Electrical equipment has to be protected according to applicable standards.

The product can be electrostatically charged: always use earth grounds when transferring the product. Operators must use antistatic footwear and clothing, and floors must be conductors.

Keep the container tightly closed and isolated from heat sources, sparks, and fire. Do not use tools that can cause sparks. For personal protection, see section 8.

In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.

Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.

Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers. Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 25° C, in a dry and wellventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills.

The product is not affected by Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III).

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s).

Not available.

### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.**

### 8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

Name	CAS No.	Country	Limit value	ppm	mg/m³
vadene	1330-20-7	European	Eight hours	50 (skin)	221 (skin)
xylene	1330-20-7	Union [1]	Short term	100 (skin)	442 (skin)

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		T	I =		
		United	Eight hours	50	220
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	100	441
		Éire [3]	Eight hours	50	221
			Short term	100	442
		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	150 (Ceiling) 300	
		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term	150	
		United States	Eight hours	100	435
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		
		European	Eight hours	200	734
		Union [1]	Short term	400	1468
		United	Eight hours	200	
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	400	
			Eight hours	200	734
		Éire [3]	Short term	400	1468
ethyl acetate	141-78-6	United States	Eight hours	400	1100
		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	700	
			Eight hours	400	
		United States [5] (NIOSH)		400	
			Short term	400	1.400
		United States	Eight hours	400	1400
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term	450	70.4
		United	Eight hours	150	724
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	200	966
		Éire [3]	Eight hours	150	710
			Short term	200	950
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	United States	Eight hours	150	
ii-batyi acetate		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	200	
		United States	Eight hours	150	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term	200	
		United States	Eight hours	150	710
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		
					10 (total
		United	Eight hours		inhalable)
		Kingdom [2]	Short term		
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Éire [3]	Eight hours		10 (Inhalable dust) 4 (Respirable dust)
		_	Short term	100 ( 1 ; )	445 ( 1 : )
		European	Eight hours	100 (skin)	442 (skin)
		Union [1]	Short term	200 (skin)	884 (skin)
		United	Eight hours	100	441
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	125	552
		Éire [3]	Eight hours	100	442
ethylbenzene	100-41-4		Short term	200	884
Cary is crizerie	100 11 1	United States	Eight hours	5	
		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	30	
		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term	125	
		United States	Eight hours	100	435
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		
		European	Eight hours	500	1210
		Union [1]	Short term		
		United	Eight hours	500	1210
acetone, propan-2-one, propanone	67-64-1	Kingdom [2]	Short term	1500	3620
accione, propan-2-one, propanone	07-0-1-1		Eight hours	500	1210
		Éire [3]		500	1210
			Short term	F00	
	1	I	Eight hours	500	

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	1	United States		750 (Ceiling)	
		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	3000	
		United States	Eight hours	250	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	1000	2400
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		
		United	Eight hours		
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	50	154
		Éire [3]	Eight hours	20	
		Life [5]	Short term		
butan-1-ol	71-36-3	United States	Eight hours	(Ceiling) 50	
butan-1-or	71-30-3	[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	(Ceiling) 50	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	100	300
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours		0.5 (as Sb)
		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term		
antimony trioxide	1309-64-4	United States	Eight hours		0.5 (as Sb)
andmony troxide		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours		0.5 (as Sb)
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		
2-butanone oxime, ethyl methyl	96-29-7	Éire [3]	Eight hours	3	10
ketoxime, ethyl methyl ketone oxime	30-23-7	Life [5]	Short term	10	33
		United States	Eight hours		5 (as Zr)
		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term		10 (as Zr)
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	22464-99-9	United States	Eight hours		5 (as Zr)
2-etrymexamore acid, zircomum saic	22707 33 3	[5] (NIOSH)	Short term		10 (as Zr)
		United States	Eight hours		5 (as Zr)
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		
Nonane	111-84-2	Éire [3]	Eight hours	200	1050
Notice	111-04-2		Short term		
		European	Eight hours	10	31
		Union [1]	Short term	20	62
propionic acid	79-09-4	United	Eight hours	10	31
propionic delu	7 5-03-4	Kingdom [2]	Short term	15	46
		Éire [3]	Eight hours	10	31
		רווב [2]	Short term	20	62
2-ethylhexanoic acid	149-57-5	Éire [3]	Eight hours		5
2 carymexanoic acid	110 37 3	-::c [J]	Short term		

<sup>[1]</sup> According both Binding Occupational Esposure Limits (BOELVs) and Indicative Occupational Exposure Limits (IOELVs) adopted by Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits to Chemical Agents (SCOEL).

The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.

Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

Name	DNEL/DMEL	Туре	Value
xylene	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	77
CAS No: 1330-20-7	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
EC No: 215-535-7			
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	734
ethyl acetate	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
CAS No: 141-78-6 EC No: 205-500-4	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	734
EC No. 205-500-4	(Workers)		(mg/m³)

<sup>[2]</sup> According Limit Value (IOELV) list in 2nd Indicative Occupational Exposure adobted by Health and Safety Executive.

<sup>[3]</sup> According Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemicals Agents) Regulations adopted by Health and Safety Authority (HSA).

<sup>[4]</sup> California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).

<sup>[5]</sup> According Compendium of Policy Documents and Statements adopted by National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

<sup>[6]</sup> According Occupational Health and Safety Standards and US Code of Federal Regulations adopted by US Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

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	- v- ·	T= 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	367 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	population) DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	(mg/m³) 1468
	(Workers)	initialation, Acute, Local effects	(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	734
	population)	Lindadon, Addicy Local circus	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	63 (mg/kg
	(Workers)	Jeimen, zong term, eyeterme en ette	bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	37 (mg/kg
	population)		bw/day)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	480
	(Workers)	, , ,	(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	102,34
	population)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	960
	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	859,7
	population)		(mg/m³)
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	480
CAS No: 123-86-4	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
EC No: 204-658-1	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	102,34
	population)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	960
	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	859,7
	population)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,4 (mg/kg
	population)	Damest Language Contamination	bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,4 (mg/kg
Titopium diavida	population) DNEL	Inhalation Long town Lond offerta	bw/day)
Titanium dioxide CAS No: 13463-67-7		Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	10 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
EC No: 236-675-5	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
ethylbenzene	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	77
CAS No: 100-41-4	(Workers)	Initial audit, Long-term, Systemic effects	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
EC No: 202-849-4	(WOIKCIS)		(1119/111 )
bis(pentabromophenyl) ether	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	6 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
CAS No: 1163-19-5	(Workers)	Initial dubit, Long term, Systemic effects	o (mg/m/)
EC No: 214-604-9	(110.110.0)		
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	1210
	(Workers)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	200
	population)	, , ,	(mg/m³)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	2420
acetone, propan-2-one, propanone	(Workers)	, ,	(mg/m³)
CAS No: 67-64-1	DNEL	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	186
EC No: 200-662-2	(Workers)		(mg/kg
			bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	62 (mg/kg
	population)		bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	62 (mg/kg
	population)		bw/day)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	310
	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
butan-1-ol	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	55
CAS No: 71-36-3	population)		(mg/m³)
EC No: 200-751-6	DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,125
	population)		(mg/kg
	BNE	<b>* . . . . . . . . . .</b>	bw/day)
antimony trioxide	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	0,5
CAS No: 1309-64-4	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
EC No: 215-175-0	DNE	Tabalatian Laura tan 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2.22
2-butanone oxime, ethyl methyl ketoxime, ethyl	DNEL (Markana)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	3,33
methyl ketone oxime	(Workers)	1	(mg/m³)

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CAS No: 96-29-7 DNEL Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects  $9 (mg/m^3)$ EC No: 202-496-6 (Workers) DNEL Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects 2035 Nonane CAS No: 111-84-2 (Workers)  $(mg/m^3)$ EC No: 203-913-4 DNEL Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects 31 (Workers) (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)DNEL Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects 31 (Workers) (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)DNEL Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects 62 (Workers) (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)propionic acid CAS No: 79-09-4 DNEL Inhalation, Acute, Local effects 62 EC No: 201-176-3 (Workers) (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)DNEL Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects 132 (Workers) (mg/kg bw/day) DNEL Dermal, Long-term, Local effects 260 (Workers) (µg/cm<sup>2</sup>) 2-ethylhexanoic acid DNEL Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects 32 CAS No: 149-57-5  $(mg/m^3)$ (Workers) EC No: 205-743-6

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated. DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum. Concentration levels PNEC:

Name	Details	Value
	aqua (freshwater)	0,24 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,024 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	1,65 (mg/L)
athyl acatata	sediment (freshwater)	1,15 (mg/L)
ethyl acetate CAS No: 141-78-6	sediment (marine water)	0,115 (mg/L)
EC No: 205-500-4	Soil	0,148 (mg/kg
LC No. 203-300-4		soil dw)
	STP	650 (mg/L)
	oral (Hazard for predators)	0,2 (g/kg
		food)
	aqua (freshwater)	0,18 (mg/l)
	aqua (marine water)	0,018 (mg/l)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	0,36 (mg/l)
n-butyl acetate	STP	35,6 (mg/l)
CAS No: 123-86-4	sediment (freshwater)	0,981 (mg/kg
EC No: 204-658-1		sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	0,0981
		(mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	10,6 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	1,06 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	21 (mg/L)
acetone, propan-2-one, propanone	STP	100 (mg/L)
CAS No: 67-64-1	sediment (freshwater)	30,04 (mg/kg
EC No: 200-662-2		sediment dw)
20 1101 200 002 2	sediment (marine water)	3,04 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	soil	29,5 (mg/kg
		soil dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	0,082 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,0082
butan-1-ol		(mg/L)
CAS No: 71-36-3	aqua (intermittent releases)	2,25 (mg/L)
EC No: 200-751-6	STP	2476 (mg/L)
	sediment (freshwater)	0,178 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)

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	sediment (marine water)	0,0178
		(mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	soil	0,015 (mg/kg
		soil dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	0,5 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,05 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	5 (mg/L)
	STP	5 (mg/L)
propionic acid	sediment (freshwater)	1,86 (mg/kg
CAS No: 79-09-4		sediment dw)
EC No: 201-176-3	sediment (marine water)	0,186 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	soil	0,1258
		(mg/kg soil
		dw)

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.

### 8.2 Exposure controls.

### Measures of a technical nature:

Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

Concentration:	100 %
Uses:	
<b>Breathing protecti</b>	ion:
If the recommended	technical measures are observed, no individual protection equipment is necessary.
Hand protection:	
	dled correctly, no individual protection equipment is necessary.
Eye protection:	
PPE:	Face shield.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Face and eye protector against splashing liquid.
CEN standards:	EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168
Maintenance:	Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions. Make sure that mobile parts move smoothly.
Observations:	Face shields should offer a field of vision with a dimension in the central line of, at least, 150 mm vertically once attached to the frame.
Skin protection:	
PPE:	Anti-static protective clothing.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Protective clothing should not be too tight or loose in order not to obstruct the user's movements.
CEN standards:	EN 340, EN 1149-1, EN 1149-2, EN 1149-3, EN 1149-5
Maintenance:	In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer.
Observations:	The protective clothing should offer a level of comfort in line with the level of protection provided in terms of the hazard against which it protects, bearing in mind environmental conditions, the user's level of activity and the expected time of use.
PPE:	Anti-static safety footwear.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II.
CEN standards:	EN ISO 13287, EN ISO 20344, EN ISO 20346
Maintenance: Observations:	The footwear should be checked regularly  The level of comfort during use and acceptability are factors that are assessed very differently depending on the user. Therefore, it is advisable to try on different footwear models and, if possible, different widths.

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.**

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# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance: Liquid with characteristic odour and colour

Colour: N.A./N.A. Odour: N.A./N.A.

Odour threshold: N.A./N.A.

pH:N.A./N.A.

Melting point: N.A./N.A. Boiling Point: N.A./N.A. Flash point: 35 °C Evaporation rate: N.A./N.A.

Inflammability (solid, gas): N.A./N.A. Lower Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Upper Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Vapour pressure: N.A./N.A. Vapour density: N.A./N.A. Relative density: 1,57-1,63

Solubility: N.A./N.A. Liposolubility: N.A./N.A. Hydrosolubility: N.A./N.A.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A./N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A./N.A. Decomposition temperature: N.A./N.A.

Viscosity: N.A./N.A.

Explosive properties: N.A./N.A. Oxidizing properties: N.A./N.A.

N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

#### 9.2 Other information.

Dropping point: N.A./N.A.

Blink: N.A./N.A.

Kinematic viscosity: N.A./N.A.

N.A./N.A. = Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.**

### 10.1 Reactivity.

If the storage conditions are satisfied, does not produce dangerous reactions.

# 10.2 Chemical stability.

Stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.

Flammable liquid and vapour.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid.

Avoid the following conditions:

- High temperature.
- Static discharge.
- Contact with incompatible materials.
- Avoid temperatures near or above the flash point. Do not heat closed containers. Avoid direct sunlight and heat, as these may cause a risk of fire.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials.

Avoid the following materials:

- Explosives materials.
- Toxic materials
- Oxidizing materials.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.

In case of fire, dangerous decomposition products can be generated, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide and nitrogen fumes and oxides.

# **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.**

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### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects.

Toxicological information about the substances present in the composition.

-	V	Acute toxicity			
ľ	Name	Туре	Test	Kind	Value
			LD50	Rat	4300 mg/kg bw [1]
		Oral	F47 ANAA A		
					strial Health. Vol. 14, Pg. 387, 1956 > 1700 mg/kg bw [1]
xylene			LD50	Rabbit	> 1700 mg/kg bw [1]
		Dermal	[1] Raw M	aterial Data Ha	ındbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents,
				1, Pg. 123, 19	
			LC50	Rat	21,7 mg/l/4 h [1]
CAS No: 1330-20-7	EC No: 215-535-7	Inhalation	1	aterial Data Ha 1, Pg. 123, 19	indbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 74
			LD50	Rat	10800 mg/kg bw [1]
		Oral			Journal of the American College of , Pg. 196, 1992
n-butyl acetate			LD50	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg bw [1]
		Dermal		aterial Data Ha 1, Pg. 7, 1974	andbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents,
			LC50	Rat	1.85 mg/l/4 h [1]
CAS No: 123-86-4	EC No: 204-658-1	Inhalation	[1] Inhalat	tion Toxicology	. Vol. 9, Pg. 623, 1997
			LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg bw [1]
		Oral	F47 ANAA A		
ethylbenzene			LD50	rcnives of Indu	strial Health. Vol. 14, Pg. 387, 1956 15400 mg/kg bw [1]
ediyiberizerie		Dermal	LD30	Rabbit	13400 mg/kg bw [1]
		2 0	[1] Food a	nd Cosmetics 1	Toxicology. Vol. 13, Pg. 803, 1975
		Inhalation			
CAS No: 100-41-4	EC No: 202-849-4	Tillalation			
			LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg bw [1]
acetone, propan-2-one	e, propanone	Oral	[1] Journa Pg. 609, 1		and Environmental Health. Vol. 15,
		Dermal			
CAS No: 67-64-1	EC No: 200-662-2	Inhalation			
3.10.110.07.01.1	20 1101 200 002 2		LD50	Rat	4360 mg/kg bw [1]
		Oral	Report No	.14-73. Export,	Bushy Run Research Center, Project PA. 1951.
butan-1-ol			LD50	Rabbit	3402 mg/kg bw [1]
		Dermal		Carbide Corp. E .14-73. Export,	Bushy Run Research Center, Project PA. 1951.
			LC50	Rat	7500 ppm (8 h) [1]
CAS No: 71-36-3	EC No: 200-751-6	Inhalation		Carbide Corp. E .14-73. Export,	Bushy Run Research Center, Project PA. 1951.

a) acute toxicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE):

Mixtures:

ATE (Dermal) = 3.984 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation;

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Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

c) serious eye damage/irritation;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

g) reproductive toxicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

h) STOT-single exposure;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

j) aspiration hazard;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.**

# 12.1 Toxicity.

Name	Ecotoxicity				
Name	Туре	Test	Kind	Value	
	Fish	LC50 Fish 15,7 mg/l (96 h) [1] [1] Bailey, H.C., D.H.W. Liu, and H.A. Javitz 1985. Time/Toxicity Relationships in Short-Term Static, Dynamic, and Plug-Flow Bioassays. In: R.C.Bahner and D.J.Hansen (Eds.), Aquatic Toxicology and Hazard Assessment, 8th Symposium, ASTM STP 891, Philadelphia, PA:193-212			
xylene	Aquatic invertebrates	LC50 Crustacean 8,5 mg/l (48 h) [1] [1] Tatem, H.E., B.A. Cox, and J.W. Anderson 1978. The Toxicity of Oils and Petroleum Hydrocarbons to Estuarine Crustaceans. Estuar.Coast.Mar.Sci. 6(4):365-373. Tatem, H.E. 1975. The Toxicity and Physiological Effects of Oil and Petroleum Hydrocarbons on Estuarine Grass Shrimp Palaemonetes pugio (Holthuis). Ph.D.Thesis, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX :133 p			
CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7	Aquatic plants				
3.0.00.233.20.7	Fish	LC50	Pimephales promelas	230 mg/l (96 h) [1]	
		[1] US EPA method E03-05, 1984			
ethyl acetate	Aquatic invertebrates	EC50	Hydra Oligactis (Hydrozoa)	1350 mg/l (48 h) [1]	
		[1] Aquat. Toxicol. 4, 73 - 82, Slooff, W. 1983			
	Aquatic plants	EC50	Algae	2500 mg/l (96 h) [1]	

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1			1
CAS No: 141-78-6	EC No: 205-500-4		[1] Slooff, W. 1982. A Comparative Study on the Short-Term Effects of 15 Chemicals on Fresh Water Organisms of Different Tropic Levels. Natl.Tech.Inf.Serv., Springfield, VA:25 p. (DUT) (ENG ABS) (NTIS/PB83-200386)
n-butyl acetate		Fish	LC50 Fish 81 mg/l (96 h) [1]  [1] Wellens, H. 1982. Comparison of the Sensitivity of Brachydanio rerio and Leuciscus idus by Testing the Fish Toxicity of Chemicals and Wastewaters. Z.Wasser-Abwasser-Forsch. 51(2):49-52 (GER) (ENG ABS). Dawson, G.W., A.L. Jennings, D. Drozdowski, and E. Rider 1977. The Acute Toxicity of 47 Industrial Chemicals to Fresh and Saltwater Fishes. J.Hazard.Mater. 1(4):303-318 (OECDG Data File)
		Aquatic invertebrates	EC50 Daphnia sp. 44 mg/l (48 h) [1] [1] publication, 1959
		Aquatic plants	Desmodesmus subspicatus  EC50 (reported as 674.7 mg/l (72 h) [1] Scenedesmus subspicatus)
CAS No: 123-86-4	EC No: 204-658-1		[1] Method: other: algae growth inhibition test, according to Umweltbundesamt (German Federal Environment Agency) (proposal/draft, version February 1984)
		Fish	LC50 Fish 80 mg/l (96 h) [1]  [1] Mayer, F.L.Jr., and M.R. Ellersieck 1986. Manual of Acute Toxicity: Interpretation and Data Base for 410 Chemicals and 66 Species of Freshwater Animals. Resour.Publ.No.160, U.S.Dep.Interior, Fish Wildl.Serv., Washington, DC:505 p. (USGS Data File)
ethylbenzene		Aquatic invertebrates	LC50 Crustacean 16,2 mg/l (48 h) [1] [1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and Artemia. Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia :64 p
CAS No: 100-41-4	EC No: 202-849-4	Aquatic plants	EC50 Algae 5 mg/l (72 h) [1] [1] Galassi, S., M. Mingazzini, L. Vigano, D. Cesareo, and M.L. Tosato 1988. Approaches to Modeling Toxic Responses of Aquatic Organisms to Aromatic Hydrocarbons. Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 16(2):158-169. Masten, L.W., R.L. Boeri, and J.D. Walker 1994. Stategies Employed to Determine the Acute Aquatic Toxicity of Ethyl Benzene, a Highly Volatile, Poorly Water-Soluble Chemical. Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 27(3):335-348
acetone, propan-2-one	e, propanone	Fish	LC50 Fish 8300 mg/l (96 h) [1] [1] Cairns, J.Jr., and A. Scheier 1968. A Comparison of the Toxicity of Some Common Industrial Waste Components Tested Individually and Combined. Prog.Fish-Cult. 30(1):3-8
			LC50 Crustacean 8450 mg/l (48 h) [1]

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		1	1
		Aquatic invertebrates	[1] Cowgill, U.M., and D.P. Milazzo 1991. The Sensitivity of Ceriodaphnia dubia and Daphnia magna to Seven Chemicals Utilizing the Three-Brood Test.  Arch.Environ.Contam.Toxicol. 20(2):211-217. Canton, J.H., and D.M.M. Adema 1978. Reproducibility of Short-Term and Reproduction Toxicity Experiments with Daphnia magna and Comparison of the Sensitivity of Daphnia magna with Daphnia pulex and Daphnia cucullata in Short-Term Experiments. Hydrobiologia 59(2):135-140 (Used Reference 2018)
			EC50 Algae 7200 mg/l (96 h) [1]
CAS No: 67-64-1	EC No: 200-662-2	Aquatic plants	[1] Slooff, W. 1982. A Comparative Study on the Short- Term Effects of 15 Chemicals on Fresh Water Organisms of Different Tropic Levels. Natl.Tech.Inf.Serv., Springfield, VA :25 p. (DUT) (ENG ABS) (NTIS/PB83-200386)
			LC50 Pimephales promelas 1376 mg/L (96 h) [1]
		Fish	[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.
			EC50 Daphnia magna 1328 mg/L (48 h) [1]
butan-1-ol		Aquatic invertebrates	[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.
		Aquatic plants	Selenastrum capricornutum (Pseudokirchnerell a subcapitata)  717 mg/L (96 h) [1]
CAS No: 71-36-3	EC No: 200-751-6		[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability.

No information is available regarding the biodegradability of the substances present.

No information is available on the degradability of the substances present. No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.

Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

Name		Bioaccumulation			
	Name	Log Pow	BCF	NOECs	Level
ethyl acetate		0.72		0.65	M. L
CAS No: 141-78-6	EC No: 205-500-4	0,73	-	9,65 mg/L	Very low
n-butyl acetate		1.70			Varalani
CAS No: 123-86-4	EC No: 204-658-1	1,78	-	-	Very low
ethylbenzene		2.15			Madayata
CAS No: 100-41-4	EC No: 202-849-4	3,15	-	-	Moderate
acetone, propan-2-one, propanone		-0,24	3	-	Very low

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1					
CAS No: 67-64-1	EC No: 200-662-2				
butan-1-ol		0.04			Vandau
CAS No: 71-36-3	EC No: 200-751-6	0,84	-	-	Very low
Nonane		4,76	_	_	High
CAS No: 111-84-2	EC No: 203-913-4	7,70	-	-	rligit
propionic acid		0.33	_	_	Venulow
CAS No: 79-09-4	EC No: 201-176-3	0,33	-	-	Very low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil.

No information is available about the mobility in soil.

The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways.

Prevent penetration into the ground.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects.

No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods.

Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.

Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.**

Transport following ADR rules for road transport, RID rules for railway, ADN for inner waterways, IMDG for sea, and ICAO/IATA for

Land: Transport by road: ADR, Transport by rail: RID.

Transport documentation: Consignment note and written instructions

Sea: Transport by ship: IMDG. Transport documentation: Bill of lading Air: Transport by plane: ICAO/IATA. Transport document: Airway bill.

# 14.1 UN number.

UN No: UN1263

# 14.2 UN proper shipping name.

Description:

UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG III, (D/E) IMDG: UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG III

ICAO/IATA: UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG III

### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es).

Class(es): 3

### 14.4 Packing group.

Packing group: III

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#### 14.5 Environmental hazards.

Marine pollutant: No

### 14.6 Special precautions for user.

Labels: 3



Hazard number: 30 ADR LO: 5 L IMDG LQ: 5 L ICAO LQ: 10 L

Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR.

Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-E,S-E

Proceed in accordance with point 6.

# 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code.

The product is not transported in bulk.

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Volatile organic compound (VOC)

Product Subcategory (Directive 2004/42/EC): g - Primers, solvent-borne

Phase I\* (from 01/01/2007): 450 g/l Phase II\* (from 01/01/2010): 350 g/l

(\*) g/l ready to use

VOC content (p/p): 11,855 % VOC content: 186,13 g/l

The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

Product classification according to Annex I of Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): N/A

The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.

. The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

Restrictions on the manufacturing, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles:

Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture	Conditions of restriction
67. Bis(pentabromophenyl)ether	1. Shall not be manufactured or placed on the market as a substance on its
(decabromodiphenyl ether; decaBDE)	own after 2 March 2019.
CAS No 1163-19-5	2. Shall not be used in the production of, or placed on the market in:
EC No 214-604-9	(a) another substance, as a constituent;
	(b) a mixture;
	(c) an article, or any part thereof, in a concentration equal to or greater than
	0,1 % by weight, after 2 March 2019.
	3. Paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to a substance, constituent of another
	substance or mixture that is to be used, or is used:
	(a) in the production of an aircraft before 2 March 2027.
	(b) in the production of spare parts for either of the following:
	(i) an aircraft produced before 2 March 2027;

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(ii) motor vehicles within the scope of Directive 2007/46/EC, agricultural and
forestry vehicles within the scope of Regulation (EU) No 167/2013 of the
European Parliament and of the Council (*1) or machinery within the scope of
Directive 2006/42/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (*2),
produced before 2 March 2019.
4. Subparagraph 2(c) shall not apply to any of the following:
(a) articles placed on the market before 2 March 2019;
(b) aircraft produced in accordance with subparagraph 3(a);
(c) spare parts of aircraft, vehicles or machines produced in accordance with
subparagraph 3(b);
(d) electrical and electronic equipment within the scope of Directive
2011/65/EU.
5. For the purposes of this entry ?aircraft? means one of the following:
(a) a civil aircraft produced in accordance with a type certificate issued under
Regulation (EU) No 216/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council
(*3) or with a design approval issued under the national regulations of a
contracting State of the International Civil Aviation Organisation (ICAO), or for
which a certificate of airworthiness has been issued by an ICAO contracting
State under Annex 8 to the Convention on International Civil Aviation;
(b) a military aircraft.

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment.

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.**

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs <or affected,="" all="" if="" known="" organs="" state=""> through prolonged or repeated exposure</or>
<state exp<="" of="" route="" td=""><td>posure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard&gt; (órganos de audición)</td></state>	posure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard> (órganos de audición)
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Classification codes:

Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4 Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4 Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1: Acute toxicity to the aquatic environment, Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1: Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 1

Asp. Tox. 1 : Aspiration toxicity, Category 1

Carc. 2 : Carcinogen, Category 2

Eye Dam. 1 : Serious eye damage, Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 : Eye irritation, Category 2 Flam. Liq. 2 : Flammable liquid, Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid, Category 3 Repr. 2 : Reproductive toxicant, Category 2

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

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Skin Corr. 1B: Skin Corrosive, Category 1B Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritant, Category 2 Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitiser, Category 1

STOT RE 2 : Specific target organ toxicity following a repeated exposure, Category 2 STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3

### Changes regarding to the previous version:

- Change of the name of the product (SECTION 1.1).
- Change of the uses of the product (SECTION 1.2).
- Change in the hazard classification (SECTION 2.1).
- Removal of precautionary statements/hazard statements/pictograms/signal word (SECTION 2.2).
- Addition of precautionary statements/hazard statements/pictograms/signal word (SECTION 2.2).
- Changes in the composition of the product (SECTION 3.2).
- Changes in the composition of the product (SECTION 3.2).
- Changes in the composition of the product (SECTION 3.2).
- Modifications in the first aid measures (SECTION 4.1).
- Modification of the symptoms (SECTION 4.2).
- Modification of the medical attention measures (SECTION 4.3).
- Modifications in the handling and storage precautions (SECTION 7.1).
- Modifications in the handling and storage precautions (SECTION 7.2).
- Addition of exposure data (SECTION 8.1).
- Modification of exposure data (SECTION 8.1).
- Elimination of personal protective equipment (SECTION 8.2).
- Modifications of the personal protective equipment (SECTION 8.2).
- Modification in the values of the physical and chemical properties (SECTION 9).
- Addition of ecotoxicity values (SECTION 11.1).
- Modification of toxicity values (SECTION 11.1).
- Change in the hazard classification (SECTION 11.1).
- Addition of ecological information values (SECTION 12.1).
- Modification of ecological information values (SECTION 12.1).
- Addition of ecological information values (SECTION 12.3).
- Modification of the classification ADR/IMDG/ICAO/IATA/RID (SECTION 14).
- National legislative changes (SECTION 15.1).
- Addition of abbreviations and acronyms (SECTION 16).

# Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data Health hazards Calculation method Environmental hazards Calculation method

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

### Abbreviations and acronyms used:

European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ADR.

BCF: Bioconcentration factor.

CEN: European Committee for Standardization.

Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be DMEL:

considered a tolerable minimum.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not

anticipated.

EC50: Half maximal effective concentration. Personal protection equipment. PPE: IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. IMDG:

Lethal concentration, 50%. LC50:

LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.

Log Pow: Logarithm of the partition octanol-water. No observed effect concentration. NOEC:

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PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are

not expected in the environmental compartment.

RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

Key literature references and sources for data:

http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html

http://echa.europa.eu/

Regulation (EU) 2015/830.

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.