(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

BARNIZPOLSAT-79.-2 - SATIN POYURETHANE VARNISH

Version 1 Date of compilation: 19/10/2016

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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

1.1 Product identifier.

79..- 2 - BARNIZ POLIURETANO SATINADO Product Name:

Product Code: **BARNIZPOLSAT**

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.

Not available.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

PINTURAS AYELENSES, S.L. Company:

Address: POLÍGONO SAN JOSÉ, S/N AIELO DE MALFERIT City:

Province: VALENCIA Telephone: 962360292 962360601 Fax:

E-mail: info@pinturaspinay.com Web: www.pinturaspinay.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number: 962360292 (Only available during office hours; Monday-Friday; 08:00-18:00)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Asp. Tox. 1: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquid and vapour.

2.2 Label elements.

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Pictograms:





Signal Word:

Danger H statements:

H226

Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

P statements:

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P210

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P280

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use... to extinguish. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P501 Dispose of contents/container to ...

EUH statements:

EUH208 Contains 2-butanone oxime; ethyl methyl ketoxime; ethyl methyl ketone oxime. May produce an allergic

reaction.

EUH208 Contains cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate). May produce an allergic reaction.

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Contains:

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha, [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C6 through C13 and boiling in the range of approximately 65o C to 230o C (149oF to

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

2.3 Other hazards.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.

3.1 Substances.

Not Applicable.

3.2 Mixtures.

Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

			(*)Classification - Regulation (I No 1272/2008		
Identifiers	Name	Concentrate	Classification	specific concentration limit	
: 649-327-00-6 : 64742-48-9 : 265-150-3 : 01-2119486659-16- XXXX	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha, [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C6 through C13 and boiling in the range of approximately 65o C to 230o C (149oF to 446oF).] (contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene)	10 - 25 %	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	
: 64742-48-9 : 01-2119463258-33- XXXX	Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	1 - 10 %	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H336	-	
: 603-064-00-3 : 107-98-2 : 203-539-1 : 01-2119457435-35- XXXX	[1] 1-methoxy-2-propanol, monopropylene glycol methyl ether	1 - 20 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H336	-	
: 616-014-00-0 : 96-29-7 : 202-496-6 : 01-2119539477-28- XXXX	[1] 2-butanone oxime, ethyl methyl ketoxime, ethyl methyl ketone oxime	0.1 - 1 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Carc. 2, H351 - Eye Dam. 1, H318 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	
: 603-004-00-6 : 71-36-3 : 200-751-6 : 01-2119484630-38- XXXX	[1] butan-1-ol	0 - 1 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H302 - Eye Dam. 1, H318 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - STOT SE 3, H335 - STOT SE 3, H336	-	

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: 606-005-00-X : 108-83-8 : 203-620-1 : 01-2119474441-41- XXXX	[1] 2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one, di-isobutyl ketone	0 - 10 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H335	STOT SE 3, H335: C ≥ 10 %
: 22464-99-9 : 245-018-1	[1] 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	0.1 - 3 %	Repr. 2, H361	-
: 136-52-7 : 205-250-6 : 01-2119524678-29- XXXX	cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	0.1 - 1 %	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 - Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 - Repr. 2, H361 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	-
: 111-84-2 : 203-913-4 : 01-2119463259-31- XXXX	[1] Nonane	0 - 0.25 %	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
: 607-089-00-0 : 79-09-4 : 201-176-3 : 01-2119486971-24- XXXX	[1] propionic acid	0 - 10 %	Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Skin Corr. 1B, H314: C ≥ 25 % Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 10 % ≤ C < 25 % Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 10 % ≤ C < 25 % STOT SE 3, H335: C ≥ 10 %
: 601-023-00-4 : 100-41-4 : 202-849-4 : 01-2119489370-35- XXXX	[1] ethylbenzene	0 - 10 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT RE 2, H373(órganos de audición)	-
: 607-195-00-7 : 108-65-6 : 203-603-9 : 01-2119475791-29- XXXX	[1] 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0 - 2.5 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	-
: 607-230-00-6 : 149-57-5 : 205-743-6 : 01-2119488942-23- XXXX	[1] 2-ethylhexanoic acid	0 - 3 %	Repr. 2, H361d ***	-
: 601-022-00-9 : 1330-20-7 : 215-535-7 : 01-2119488216-32- XXXX	[1] xylene	0 - 10 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-

^(*) The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet.

^{*,***} See Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, Annex VI, section 1.2.
[1] Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).

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SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.

4.1 Description of first aid measures.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

Inhalation.

Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration. Do not administer anything orally. If unconscious, place them in a suitable position and seek medical assistance.

Eve contact.

Remove contact lenses, if present and if it is easy to do. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance.

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion.

If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Harmful Product, prolonged exposure due to inhalation may cause anaesthetic effects and the need for immediate medical assistance.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. Do not induce vomiting. If the person vomits, clear the respiratory tract.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.

Flammable product, the necessary prevention measures should be taken in order to avoid risks, In case of fire, the following measures are recommended:

5.1 Extinguishing media.

Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguisher powder or CO2. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture. Special risks.

Fire can cause thick, black smoke. As a result of thermal decomposition, dangerous products can form; carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

During a fire and depending on its magnitude the following may occur:

- Flammable vapors or gases.

5.3 Advice for firefighters.

Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways. Follow the instructions given in the emergency or fire evacuation plan or plans if available.

Fire protection equipment.

According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots. During extinction and depending on the magnitude and proximity to the fire, additional protective equipment such as chemical protection gloves, heat-reflecting suits or gas-tight suits may be required.

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SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Eliminate possible ignition points and ventilate the area. No smoking. Avoid breathing fumes. For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions.

Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Contain and collect spillage with inert absorbent material (earth, sand, vermiculite, Kieselguhr...) and clean the area immediately with a suitable decontaminant.

Deposit waste in closed and suitable containers for disposal, in compliance with local and national regulations

6.4 Reference to other sections.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling.

The fumes are heavier than air and can spread across the ground. They can form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive fume concentrations in the air; prevent fume concentrations above work exposure limits. The product must only be used in areas where all unprotected flames and other ignition points have been eliminated. Electrical equipment has to be protected according to applicable standards.

The product can be electrostatically charged: always use earth grounds when transferring the product. Operators must use antistatic footwear and clothing, and floors must be conductors.

Keep the container tightly closed and isolated from heat sources, sparks, and fire. Do not use tools that can cause sparks. For personal protection, see section 8.

In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.

Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.

Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers. Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 25° C, in a dry and wellventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills.

The product is not affected by Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III).

7.3 Specific end use(s).

Not available.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.

8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

Name	CAS No.	Country	Limit value	ppm	mg/m³
		European	Eight hours	100 (skin)	375 (skin)
		Union [1]	Short term	150 (skin)	568 (skin)
1-methoxy-2-propanol, monopropylene	107-98-2	United Eight hour	Eight hours	100	375
glycol methyl ether	107-96-2	Kingdom [2]	Short term	150	560
		Éire [3] Eight hours 10	100	375	
		cire [3]	Short term	150	568
	96-29-7	Éire [3]	Eight hours	3	10

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2-butanone oxime, ethyl methyl		1		I				
ketoxime, ethyl methyl ketone oxime			Short term	10	33			
		United	Eight hours					
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	50	154			
		Éire [3]	Eight hours	20				
		rue [3]	Short term					
butan-1-ol	71-36-3	United States	Eight hours	(Ceiling) 50				
butan 1 or	71 30 3	[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term					
		United States	Eight hours	(Ceiling) 50				
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term	100	200			
		United States	Eight hours	100	300			
		[6] (OSHA) United	Short term Eight hours	25	148			
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	25	140			
			Eight hours	25	150			
		Éire [3]	Short term		150			
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one, di-isobutyl		United States Eight hours 25		25				
ketone	108-83-8	[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term		290 5 (as Zr) 10 (as Zr) 5 (as Zr) 10 (as Zr) 5 (as Zr)			
		United States	Eight hours	25				
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term					
		United States	Eight hours	50	290			
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term					
		United States	Eight hours		5 (as Zr)			
		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term					
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	22464-99-9	United States	Eight hours					
2 ctrymexarioic dela, zircomani saic	22 10 1 33 3	[5] (NIOSH)	Short term		• •			
		United States	Eight hours		5 (as Zr)			
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term					
Nonane	111-84-2	Éire [3]	Eight hours	200	1050			
			Short term	4.0	2.1			
		European	Eight hours	10	31			
		Union [1]	Short term					
propionic acid	79-09-4	United Kingdom [2]	Eight hours Short term					
			Eight hours		20 62 10 31 15 46 10 31			
		Éire [3]	Short term	20	62			
	1	European	Eight hours	100 (skin)	442 (skin)			
		Union [1]	Short term	200 (skin)	884 (skin)			
		United	Eight hours	100	441			
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	125	552			
		É:: [2]	Eight hours	100	442			
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Éire [3]	Short term	200	884			
Cutybetizette	100-71-7	United States	Eight hours	5				
		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	30				
		United States	Eight hours	100				
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term	125	45-			
		United States	Eight hours	100	435			
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term	F0 (! ! :)	275 (-1.1.)			
		European	Eight hours	50 (skin)	275 (skin)			
		Union [1]	Short term Eight hours	100 (skin)	550 (skin)			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	United Kingdom [2]	Short term	50 100	274 548			
			Eight hours	50	275			
		Éire [3]	Short term	100	550			
		,	Eight hours	100	5			
2-ethylhexanoic acid	149-57-5	Éire [3]	Short term		, ,			
		European	Eight hours	50 (skin)	221 (skin)			
xylene	1330-20-7	Union [1]	Short term	100 (skin)	442 (skin)			
,	, ·		Eight hours	50	220			

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	United Kingdom [2]	Short term	100	441
	Éire [3]	Éire [2] Eight hours	50	221
	ciie [3]	Short term	100	442
	United States	Eight hours	100	
	[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	150 (Ceiling) 300	
	United States	Eight hours	100	
	[5] (NIOSH)	Short term	150	
	United States	Eight hours	100	435
	[6] (OSHA)	Short term		

^[1] According both Binding Occupational Esposure Limits (BOELVs) and Indicative Occupational Exposure Limits (IOELVs) adopted by Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits to Chemical Agents (SCOEL).

The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.

Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

Name	DNEL/DMEL	Туре	Value
1-methoxy-2-propanol, monopropylene glycol methyl	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	369
ether	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
CAS No: 107-98-2			
EC No: 203-539-1			
2-butanone oxime, ethyl methyl ketoxime, ethyl	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	3,33
methyl ketone oxime	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
CAS No: 96-29-7	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	9 (mg/m ³)
EC No: 202-496-6	(Workers)		
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	310
	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
butan-1-ol	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	55
CAS No: 71-36-3	population)		(mg/m³)
EC No: 200-751-6	DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,125
	population)		(mg/kg
			bw/day)
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one, di-isobutyl ketone	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	290
CAS No: 108-83-8	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
EC No: 203-620-1	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	479
	(Workers) DNEL	Tubulation I am a tarres I and affects	(mg/m³)
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) CAS No: 136-52-7		Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	0,2351
EC No: 205-250-6	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
Nonane	DNEL	Inhalation Long torm Cystomic offorts	2035
CAS No: 111-84-2	(Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	(mg/m ³)
EC No: 203-913-4	(Workers)		(IIIg/III ³)
LC NO. 203-913-4	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	31
	(Workers)	Initial dubit, Long term, Local effects	(mg/m ³)
	DNFI	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	31
	(Workers)	Initial dubit, Long term, Systemic effects	(mg/m ³)
	DNFI	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	62
propionic acid	(Workers)	Initial addity / teater, systemic effects	(mg/m³)
CAS No: 79-09-4	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	62
EC No: 201-176-3	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	132
	(Workers)	2. 2, 22, 2,222 2	(mg/kg
			bw/day)
	DNEL	Dermal, Long-term, Local effects	260
	(Workers)		(µg/cm²)

^[2] According Limit Value (IOELV) list in 2nd Indicative Occupational Exposure adobted by Health and Safety Executive.

^[3] According Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemicals Agents) Regulations adopted by Health and Safety Authority (HSA).

^[4] California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).

^[5] According Compendium of Policy Documents and Statements adopted by National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH).

^[6] According Occupational Health and Safety Standards and US Code of Federal Regulations adopted by US Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

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ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	77 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	275 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	33 (mg/m³)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS No: 108-65-6	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	153,5 (mg/kg bw/day)
EC No: 203-603-9	DNEL (General population)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	54,8 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (General population)	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	1,67 (mg/kg bw/day)
2-ethylhexanoic acid CAS No: 149-57-5 EC No: 205-743-6	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	32 (mg/m³)
xylene CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	77 (mg/m³)

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated. DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum. Concentration levels PNEC:

Name	Details	Value
	aqua (freshwater)	0,082 (mg/L)
	agua (marine water)	0,0082
	, , , , ,	(mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	2,25 (mg/L)
butan-1-ol	STP	2476 (mg/L)
CAS No: 71-36-3	sediment (freshwater)	0,178 (mg/kg
EC No: 200-751-6		sediment dw)
LC No. 200 751 0	sediment (marine water)	0,0178
		(mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	soil	0,015 (mg/kg
		soil dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	0,5 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,05 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	5 (mg/L)
	STP	5 (mg/L)
propionic acid	sediment (freshwater)	1,86 (mg/kg
CAS No: 79-09-4		sediment dw)
EC No: 201-176-3	sediment (marine water)	0,186 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	soil	0,1258
		(mg/kg soil
		dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	0,635 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,0635
		(mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	6,35 (mg/L)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	STP	100 (mg/L)
CAS No: 108-65-6	sediment (freshwater)	3,29 (mg/kg
EC No: 203-603-9		sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	0,329 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	soil	0,29 (mg/kg
		soil dw)

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PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.

8.2 Exposure controls.

Measures of a technical nature:

Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

Concentration:	100 %					
Uses:						
Breathing protecti	on:					
PPE:	Filter mask for protection against gases and particles.					
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III. The mask must have a wide field of vision and an anatomically designed form in order to be sealed and watertight.					
CEN standards:	EN 136, EN 140, EN 405					
Maintenance:	Should not be stored in places exposed to high temperatures and damp environments before use. Special attention should be paid to the state of the inhalation and exhalation valves in the face adaptor. Read carefully the manufacturer's instructions regarding the equipment's use and maintenance. Attach					
Observations:	the necessary filters to the equipment according to the specific nature of the risk (Particles and aerosols: P1-P2-P3, Gases and vapours: A-B-E-K-AX), changing them as advised by the manufacturer.					
Filter Type needed:	A2					
Hand protection:						
PPE: Characteristics:	Protective gloves against chemicals. «CE» marking, category III.					
CEN standards:	EN 374-1, En 374-2, EN 374-3, EN 420					
Maintenance:	Keep in a dry place, away from any sources of heat, and avoid exposure to sunlight as much as possible. Do not make any changes to the gloves that may alter their resistance, or apply paints, solvents or adhesives.					
Observations:	Gloves should be of the appropriate size and fit the user's hand well, not being too loose or too tight. Always use with clean, dry hands.					
Material:	PVC (polyvinyl chloride) Breakthrough time (min.): Material thickness (mm): 0,35					
Eye protection:						
PPE:	Protective goggles with built-in frame.					
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Eye protector with built-in frame for protection against dust, smoke, fog and vapour.					
CEN standards:	EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168					
Maintenance:	Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions.					
Observations:	Some signs of wear and tear include: yellow colouring of the lenses, superficial scratching of the lenses, scraping etc.					
Skin protection:						
PPE:	Anti-static protective clothing.					
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Protective clothing should not be too tight or loose in order not to obstruct the user's movements.					
CEN standards:	EN 340, EN 1149-1, EN 1149-2, EN 1149-3, EN 1149-5					
Maintenance:	In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer.					
Observations:	The protective clothing should offer a level of comfort in line with the level of protection provided in terms of the hazard against which it protects, bearing in mind environmental conditions, the user's level of activity and the expected time of use.					
PPE:	Anti-static safety footwear.					
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II.					
CEN standards:	EN ISO 13287, EN ISO 20344, EN ISO 20346					
Maintenance:	The footwear should be checked regularly					
Observations:	The level of comfort during use and acceptability are factors that are assessed very differently depending on the user. Therefore, it is advisable to try on different footwear models and, if possible, different widths.					

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance: Liquid with characteristic odour

Colour: N.A./N.A. Odour: N.A./N.A.

Odour threshold: N.A./N.A.

pH:N.A./N.A.

Melting point: N.A./N.A. Boiling Point: N.A./N.A. Flash point: 41 °C

Evaporation rate: N.A./N.A.

Inflammability (solid, gas): N.A./N.A. Lower Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Upper Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Vapour pressure: N.A./N.A. Vapour density: N.A./N.A. Relative density:0,92-0.,98 Solubility: N.A./N.A. Liposolubility: N.A./N.A. Hydrosolubility: N.A./N.A.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A./N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A./N.A. Decomposition temperature: N.A./N.A.

Viscosity: N.A./N.A.

Explosive properties: N.A./N.A. Oxidizing properties: N.A./N.A.

N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

9.2 Other information.

Dropping point: N.A./N.A.

Blink: N.A./N.A.

Kinematic viscosity: N.A./N.A.

N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.

10.1 Reactivity.

If the storage conditions are satisfied, does not produce dangerous reactions.

10.2 Chemical stability.

Stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.

Flammable liquid and vapour.

10.4 Conditions to avoid.

Avoid the following conditions:

- High temperature.
- Static discharge.
- Contact with incompatible materials.
- Avoid temperatures near or above the flash point. Do not heat closed containers. Avoid direct sunlight and heat, as these may cause a risk of fire.

10.5 Incompatible materials.

Avoid the following materials:

- Explosives materials.
- Toxic materials.
- Oxidizing materials.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.

In case of fire, dangerous decomposition products can be generated, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide and nitrogen fumes and oxides.

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects.

Toxicological information about the substances present in the composition.

N.		Acute toxicity				
N	lame	Туре	Test	Kind	Value	
		1.	LD50	Rat	4360 mg/kg bw [1]	
		Oral	[1] Union Carbide Corp. Bushy Run Research Center, Project Report No.14-73. Export, PA. 1951.			
butan-1-ol			LD50	Rabbit	3402 mg/kg bw [1]	
		Dermal	Report No.	14-73. Export,		
			LC50	Rat	7500 ppm (8 h) [1]	
CAS No: 71-36-3	EC No: 200-751-6	Inhalation		Carbide Corp. B 14-73. Export,		
			LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg bw [1]	
		Oral			trial Health. Vol. 14, Pg. 387, 1956	
ethylbenzene			LD50	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg bw [1]	
		Dermal	[1] Food a	nd Cosmetics T	oxicology. Vol. 13, Pg. 803, 1975	
CAS No: 100-41-4	EC No: 202-849-4	Inhalation				
			LD50	Rat	6190 mg/kg bw [1]	
		Oral	[1] Study Toxicity).	report, 1985.	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral	
2-methoxy-1-methyleth	iyi acetate		LD50	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg bw [1]	
		Dermal	[4] D G		D	
					ny Reports. Vol. MSD-1582	
			LC0	Rat	>4345 ppm (6 h) [1]	
CAS No: 108-65-6	EC No: 203-603-9	Inhalation	[1] Study r		ECD Guideline 403 (Acute	
			LD50	Rat	4300 mg/kg bw [1]	
		Oral				
					trial Health. Vol. 14, Pg. 387, 1956	
xylene			LD50	Rabbit	> 1700 mg/kg bw [1]	
		Dermal	1974. Vol.	aterial Data Har 1, Pg. 123, 197	ndbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 4	
			LC50	Rat	21,7 mg/l/4 h [1]	
CAS No: 1330-20-7	EC No: 215-535-7	Inhalation		aterial Data Har 1, Pg. 123, 197	ndbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 4	

a) acute toxicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

b) skin corrosion/irritation;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

c) serious eye damage/irritation;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

g) reproductive toxicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

h) STOT-single exposure;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

j) aspiration hazard;

Product classified:

Aspiration toxicity, Category 1: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

12.1 Toxicity.

Nome	Ecotoxicity			
Name	Туре	Test	Kind	Value
		LC50	Pimephales promelas	1376 mg/L (96 h) [1]
	Fish	Aquatic To		J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Ivents. Equilon Enterprises, ord WTC-3520.
		EC50	Daphnia magna	1328 mg/L (48 h) [1]
butan-1-ol	Aquatic invertebrates	[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.		
	Aquatic plants	EC90	Selenastrum capricornutum (Pseudokirchnerell a subcapitata)	717 mg/L (96 h) [1]
CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6		Aquatic To		J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Ivents. Equilon Enterprises, ord WTC-3520.
		LC50	Fish	80 mg/l (96 h) [1]
ethylbenzene	Fish	Acute Toxic Chemicals Resour.Pub	city: Interpretation ar and 66 Species of Fre	nterior, Fish Wildl.Serv.,
ediyiberizerie		LC50	Crustacean	16,2 mg/l (48 h) [1]
	Aquatic invertebrates	Toxicity of	Crude and Refined On Invironment Canada,	pe 1989. The Comparative pils to Daphnia magna and EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova
	Aquatic plants	EC50	Algae	5 mg/l (72 h) [1]

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		<u></u>
CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4		[1] Galassi, S., M. Mingazzini, L. Vigano, D. Cesareo, and M.L. Tosato 1988. Approaches to Modeling Toxic Responses of Aquatic Organisms to Aromatic Hydrocarbons. Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 16(2):158-169. Masten, L.W., R.L. Boeri, and J.D. Walker 1994. Stategies Employed to Determine the Acute Aquatic Toxicity of Ethyl Benzene, a Highly Volatile, Poorly Water-Soluble Chemical. Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 27(3):335-348
	Fish	LC50 Oryzias latipes 100 mg/L (96 h) [1] [1] Environment Agency of Japan (1998)
		EC50 Daphnia magna 407 mg/L (48 h) [1]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Aquatic invertebrates	[1] Environment Agency of Japan (1998)
	Aquatic plants	Selenastrum capricornutum EC50 (Pseudokirchnerell >1000 mg/L (72 h) [1]
CAS No: 108-65-6 EC No: 203-603-9		[1] Environment Agency of Japan (1998)
		LC50 Fish 15,7 mg/l (96 h) [1]
	Fish	[1] Bailey, H.C., D.H.W. Liu, and H.A. Javitz 1985. Time/Toxicity Relationships in Short-Term Static, Dynamic, and Plug-Flow Bioassays. In: R.C.Bahner and D.J.Hansen (Eds.), Aquatic Toxicology and Hazard Assessment, 8th Symposium, ASTM STP 891, Philadelphia, PA:193-212
		LC50 Crustacean 8,5 mg/l (48 h) [1]
xylene	Aquatic invertebrates	[1] Tatem, H.E., B.A. Cox, and J.W. Anderson 1978. The Toxicity of Oils and Petroleum Hydrocarbons to Estuarine Crustaceans. Estuar.Coast.Mar.Sci. 6(4):365-373. Tatem, H.E. 1975. The Toxicity and Physiological Effects of Oil and Petroleum Hydrocarbons on Estuarine Grass Shrimp Palaemonetes pugio (Holthuis). Ph.D.Thesis, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX:133 p
CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7	Aquatic plants	

12.2 Persistence and degradability.

No information is available regarding the biodegradability of the substances present. No information is available on the degradability of the substances present. No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.

Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

Name	Bioaccumulation			
Name	Log Pow	BCF	NOECs	Level
1-methoxy-2-propanol, monopropylene glycol methyl ether	-0,44		_	Very low
CAS No: 107-98-2 EC No: 203-539-1	-0,77	-	-	very low
butan-1-ol	0,84	-	-	Very low
CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6	0,04			
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one, di-isobutyl ketone	2,56	-	-	Low

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CAS No: 108-83-8	EC No: 203-620-1				
Nonane		4.76			18.4
CAS No: 111-84-2	EC No: 203-913-4	4,76	-	-	High
propionic acid		0,33	_	_	Very low
CAS No: 79-09-4	EC No: 201-176-3	0,55	_	-	very low
ethylbenzene		2 15	_	_	Moderate
CAS No: 100-41-4	EC No: 202-849-4	3,15	_	-	Moderate

12.4 Mobility in soil.

No information is available about the mobility in soil.

The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways.

Prevent penetration into the ground.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

12.6 Other adverse effects.

No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

13.1 Waste treatment methods.

Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.

Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.

Transport following ADR rules for road transport, RID rules for railway, ADN for inner waterways, IMDG for sea, and ICAO/IATA for air transport.

Land: Transport by road: ADR, Transport by rail: RID.

Transport documentation: Consignment note and written instructions

Sea: Transport by ship: IMDG. Transport documentation: Bill of lading Air: Transport by plane: ICAO/IATA. Transport document: Airway bill.

14.1 UN number.

UN No: UN1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name.

Description:

ADR: UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG III, (D/E) IMDG: UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG III

UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG III ICAO/IATA:

14.3 Transport hazard class(es).

Class(es): 3

14.4 Packing group.

Packing group: III

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14.5 Environmental hazards.

Marine pollutant: No

14.6 Special precautions for user.

Labels: 3



Hazard number: 30 ADR LQ: 5 L IMDG LO: 5 L ICAO LQ: 10 L

Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR.

Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-E,S-E

Proceed in accordance with point 6.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code.

The product is not transported in bulk.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Volatile organic compound (VOC)

Product Subcategory (Directive 2004/42/EC): e - Interior/exterior trim varnishes and woodstains, including opaque woodstains, solvent-borne

Phase I* (from 01/01/2007): 500 q/l

Phase II* (from 01/01/2010): 400 g/l

(*) g/l ready to use

VOC content (p/p): 31,943 % VOC content: 293,872 g/l

The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

Product classification according to Annex I of Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): N/A

The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal

The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment.

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

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H312	Harmful in contact with skin.			
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.			
H315	Causes skin irritation.			
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.			
H318	Causes serious eye damage.			
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.			
H332	Harmful if inhaled.			
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.			
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.			
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.			
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.			
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.			
H373	May cause damage to organs <or affected,="" all="" if="" known="" organs="" state=""> through prolonged or repeated exposure</or>			
<state cause="" conclusively="" exposure="" hazard="" if="" is="" it="" no="" of="" other="" proven="" route="" routes="" that="" the="">.(órganos de audición)</state>				
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.			
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			

Classification codes:

Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4 Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4 Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4

Aquatic Acute 1: Acute toxicity to the aquatic environment, Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1: Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 3: Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 3

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration toxicity, Category 1

Carc. 2 : Carcinogen, Category 2

Eye Dam. 1 : Serious eye damage, Category 1 Flam. Liq. 2 : Flammable liquid, Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid, Category 3 Repr. 2 : Reproductive toxicant, Category 2 Skin Corr. 1B : Skin Corrosive, Category 1B Skin Irrit. 2 : Skin irritant, Category 2 Skin Sens. 1 : Skin sensitiser, Category 1

STOT RE 2 : Specific target organ toxicity following a repeated exposure, Category 2 STOT SE 3 : Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3

Changes regarding to the previous version:

- Change of the name of the product (SECTION 1.1).
- Change of the uses of the product (SECTION 1.2).
- Change in the hazard classification (SECTION 2.1).
- Removal of precautionary statements/hazard statements/pictograms/signal word (SECTION 2.2).
- Addition of precautionary statements/hazard statements/pictograms/signal word (SECTION 2.2).
- Changes in the composition of the product (SECTION 3.2).
- Changes in the composition of the product (SECTION 3.2).
- Modifications in the first aid measures (SECTION 4.1).
- Modification of the symptoms (SECTION 4.2).
- Modification of the medical attention measures (SECTION 4.3).
- Modifications in the handling and storage precautions (SECTION 7.1).
- Modifications in the handling and storage precautions (SECTION 7.2).
- Elimination of exposure data (SECTION 8.1).
- Addition of exposure data (SECTION 8.1).
- Addition of personal protective equipment (SECTION 8.2).
- Modifications of the personal protective equipment (SECTION 8.2).
- Modification in the values of the physical and chemical properties (SECTION 9).
- Addition of ecotoxicity values (SECTION 11.1).
- Change in the hazard classification (SECTION 11.1).
- Addition of ecological information values (SECTION 12.1).
- Addition of ecological information values (SECTION 12.3).
- National legislative changes (SECTION 15.1).

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Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data Health hazards Calculation method Environmental hazards Calculation method

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

Abbreviations and acronyms used:

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

BCF: Bioconcentration factor.

European Committee for Standardization. CEN:

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be

considered a tolerable minimum.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not

anticipated.

EC50: Half maximal effective concentration. PPE: Personal protection equipment. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%.

LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.

Log Pow: Logarithm of the partition octanol-water. NOEC: No observed effect concentration.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are

not expected in the environmental compartment.

RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

Key literature references and sources for data:

http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html

http://echa.europa.eu/

Regulation (EU) 2015/830. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.