(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

# PLUXBBRILLO- PINALUX

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# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

### 1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name: Product Code: PINALUX BLANCO BRILLANTE PLUXBBRILLO

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.

Not available.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Company:	<b>PINTURAS AYELENSES, S.L.</b>
Address:	Polígono san José, s/n
City:	AIELO DE MALFERIT
Province:	VALENCIA
Telephone:	962360292
Fax:	962360601
E-mail:	info@pinturaspinay.com
Web:	www.pinturaspinay.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number: 962360292 (Only available during office hours; Monday-Friday; 08:00-18:00)

# SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008: Asp. Tox. 1 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### 2.2 Label elements.

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008: Pictograms:



Signal Word:

Danger H statements: H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
P statements: P301+P310 P331 P405 P501	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/ Do NOT induce vomiting. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container to
EUH statements: EUH066 EUH208 reaction. EUH208	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Contains 2-butanone oxime; ethyl methyl ketoxime; ethyl methyl ketone oxime. May produce an allergic Contains cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate). May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains:

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha, [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon

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numbers predominantly in the range of C6 through C13 and boiling in the range of approximately 650 C to 2300 C (1490F to 4460F).]

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

### 2.3 Other hazards.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

# SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.

### 3.1 Substances.

Not Applicable.

#### 3.2 Mixtures.

Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

				- Regulation (EC) 2/2008
Identifiers	Name	Concentrate	Classification	specific concentration limit
CAS No: 13463-67-7 EC No: 236-675-5 Registration No: 01- 2119489379-17-XXXX	[1] Titanium dioxide	25 - 50 %	-	-
Registration No: 01- 2119474196-32-XXXX	Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	10 - 25 %	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-
CAS No: 64742-48-9 Registration No: 01- 2119463258-33-XXXX	Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	0 - 10 %	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 616-014- 00-0 CAS No: 96-29-7 EC No: 202-496-6 Registration No: 01- 2119539477-28-XXXX	[1] 2-butanone oxime, ethyl methyl ketoxime, ethyl methyl ketone oxime	0.1 - 1 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Carc. 2, H351 - Eye Dam. 1, H318 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	-
CAS No: 22464-99-9 EC No: 245-018-1	[1] 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	0.1 - 3 %	Repr. 2, H361	-
Index No: 606-005- 00-X CAS No: 108-83-8 EC No: 203-620-1 Registration No: 01- 2119474441-41-XXXX	[1] 2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one, di-isobutyl ketone	0 - 10 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H335	STOT SE 3, H335: C ≥ 10 %
CAS No: 136-52-7 EC No: 205-250-6 Registration No: 01- 2119524678-29-XXXX	cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	0.1 - 1 %	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 - Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 - Repr. 2, H361 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	-

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CAS No: 111-84-2 EC No: 203-913-4 Registration No: 01- 2119463259-31-XXXX	[1] Nonane	0 - 0.25 %	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 601-022- 00-9 CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7 Registration No: 01- 2119488216-32-XXXX	[1] xylene	0 - 10 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-
Index No: 607-230- 00-6 CAS No: 149-57-5 EC No: 205-743-6 Registration No: 01- 2119488942-23-XXXX	[1] 2-ethylhexanoic acid	0 - 3 %	Repr. 2, H361d ***	-
Index No: 603-004- 00-6 CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6 Registration No: 01- 2119484630-38-XXXX	[1] butan-1-ol	0 - 1 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H302 - Eye Dam. 1, H318 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - STOT SE 3, H335 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 603-108- 00-1 CAS No: 78-83-1 EC No: 201-148-0 Registration No: 01- 2119484609-23-XXXX	[1] 2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol	0 - 1 %	Eye Dam. 1, H318 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - STOT SE 3, H335 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 607-089- 00-0 CAS No: 79-09-4 EC No: 201-176-3 Registration No: 01- 2119486971-24-XXXX	[1] propionic acid	0 - 10 %	Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Skin Corr. 1B, H314: $C \ge 25$ % Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 10 % $\le$ C < 25 % Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 10 % $\le$ C < 25 % STOT SE 3, H335: $C \ge 10$ %
Index No: 603-064- 00-3 CAS No: 107-98-2 EC No: 203-539-1 Registration No: 01- 2119457435-35-XXXX	[1] 1-methoxy-2-propanol, monopropylene glycol methyl ether	0 - 20 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H336	-

(\*) The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet. \*,\*\*\* See Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, Annex VI, section 1.2.

[1] Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

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#### <u>Inhalation.</u>

Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration. Do not administer anything orally. If unconscious, place them in a suitable position and seek medical assistance.

#### Eye contact.

Remove contact lenses, if present and if it is easy to do. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance.

#### Skin contact.

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

#### Ingestion.

If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Harmful Product, prolonged exposure due to inhalation may cause anaesthetic effects and the need for immediate medical assistance.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. Do not induce vomiting. If the person vomits, clear the respiratory tract.

# **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.**

The product does not present any particular risk in case of fire.

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media.

### Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguisher powder or CO2. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray.

### Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

#### Special risks.

Fire can cause thick, black smoke. As a result of thermal decomposition, dangerous products can form: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters.

Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways.

#### Fire protection equipment.

According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots.

### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions.

Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Contain and collect spillage with inert absorbent material (earth, sand, vermiculite, Kieselguhr...) and clean the area immediately with a suitable decontaminant.

Deposit waste in closed and suitable containers for disposal, in compliance with local and national regulations

### 6.4 Reference to other sections.

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For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

# SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling.

For personal protection, see section 8.

In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.

Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.

Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers. Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 25° C, in a dry and wellventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills. The product is not affected by Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III).

### 7.3 Specific end use(s).

Not available.

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.

### 8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

Name	CAS No.	Country	Limit value	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
		United Kingdom [1]	Eight hours		10 (total inhalable)		
		Kingdoni [1]	Short term				
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Éire [2]	Eight hours		10 (Inhalable dust) 4 (Respirable dust)		
			Short term				
2-butanone oxime, ethyl methyl	96-29-7	Éire [2]	Eight hours	3	10		
ketoxime, ethyl methyl ketone oxime	50-25-7		Short term	10	33		
		United States	Eight hours		5 (as Zr)		
		[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term		10 (as Zr)		
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	22464-99-9	[4] (NIOSH) United States [5] (OSHA)	Eight hours		5 (as Zr)		
			Short term		10 (as Zr)		
			Eight hours		5 (as Zr)		
			Short term				
		United Kingdom [1] Éire [2]	Eight hours	25	148		
			Short term				
			Eight hours	25	150		
			Short term				
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one, di-isobutyl	108-83-8	108-83-8	108-83-8	United States	Eight hours	25	
ketone		[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	25			
		United States	Eight hours	25			
		[4] (NIOSH)	Short term	50	290		
		United States	Eight hours Short term	50	290		
	}	[5] (OSHA)	Eight hours	200	1050		
Nonane	111-84-2	Éire [2]	Short term	200	1050		
		European	Eight hours	50 (skin)	221 (skin)		
xylene	1330-20-7	Union [6]	Short term	100 (skin)	442 (skin)		

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		United	<b>Eight hours</b>	50	220
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	100	441
		ć:	Eight hours	50	221
		Éire [2]	Short term	100	442
		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	150 (Ceiling) 300	
		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[4] (NIOSH)	Short term	150	
		United States	Eight hours	100	435
		[5] (OSHA)	Short term		
			Eight hours		5
2-ethylhexanoic acid	149-57-5	Éire [2]	Short term		
		United	Eight hours		
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	50	154
			Eight hours	20	
		Éire [2]	Short term		
	74.96.9	United States	Eight hours	(Ceiling) 50	
butan-1-ol	71-36-3	[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	( · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		United States	Eight hours	(Ceiling) 50	
	[4] Unit	[4] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	100	300
		[5] (OSHA)	Short term		
		United	Eight hours	50	154
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	75	231
			Eight hours	50	150
		Éire [2]	Short term	75	225
		United States	Eight hours	50	
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol	78-83-1	[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	50	
		[4] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	100	300
		[5] (OSHA)	Short term		
		European	Eight hours	10	31
		Union [6]	Short term	20	62
		United	Eight hours	10	31
propionic acid	79-09-4	Kingdom [1]	Short term	15	46
			Eight hours	10	31
		Éire [2]	Short term	20	62
		European	Eight hours	100 (skin)	375 (skin)
		Union [6]	Short term	150 (skin)	568 (skin)
1-methoxy-2-propanol, monopropylene		United	Eight hours	100 (01)	375
glycol methyl ether	107-98-2	Kingdom [1]	Short term	150	560
<i></i>			Eight hours	100	375
	1	Éire [2]	Short term	150	568

[1] According Limit Value (IOELV) list in 2nd Indicative Occupational Exposure adobted by Health and Safety Executive. [2] According Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemicals Agents) Regulations adopted by Health and Safety Authority (HSA).

[3] California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).

[4] According Compendium of Policy Documents and Statements adopted by National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH).

[5] According Occupational Health and Safety Standards and US Code of Federal Regulations adopted by US Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

[6] According both Binding Occupational Esposure Limits (BOELVs) and Indicative Occupational Exposure Limits (IOELVs) adopted by Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits to Chemical Agents (SCOEL).

The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.

Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

Name	DNEL/DMEL	Туре	Value
Titanium dioxide CAS No: 13463-67-7 EC No: 236-675-5	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	10 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )

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2-butanone oxime, ethyl methyl ketoxime, ethyl	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	3,33
methyl ketone oxime CAS No: 96-29-7	(Workers) DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) 9 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
EC No: 202-496-6	(Workers)	, , , ,	
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one, di-isobutyl ketone	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	290
CAS No: 108-83-8	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
EC No: 203-620-1	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	479 (mg/m³)
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	0,2351
CAS No: 136-52-7	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
EC No: 205-250-6	< /		
Nonane	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	2035
CAS No: 111-84-2	(Workers)	, , , ,	(mg/m³)
EC No: 203-913-4	. ,		
xylene	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	77
CAS No: 1330-20-7	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
EC No: 215-535-7	. ,		
2-ethylhexanoic acid	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	32
CAS No: 149-57-5	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
EC No: 205-743-6			
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	310
	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
butan-1-ol	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	55
CAS No: 71-36-3	population)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
EC No: 200-751-6	DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,125
	population)		(mg/kg
			bw/day)
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	310
CAS No: 78-83-1	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
EC No: 201-148-0	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	55
	population)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	31
	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	31
	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	62
propionic acid	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
CAS No: 79-09-4	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	62
EC No: 201-176-3	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	132
	(Workers)		(mg/kg
		Deveel Long town Loopl offects	bw/day)
	DNEL (Morkors)	Dermal, Long-term, Local effects	260
	(Workers)	Inhalation Long town Contamin off 1	(µg/cm <sup>2</sup> )
1-methoxy-2-propanol, monopropylene glycol methyl	DNEL (Morkors)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	369 (mg/m3)
ether	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
CAS No: 107-98-2 EC No: 203-539-1			
LC IND. 203-337-1			

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated. DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum. Concentration levels PNEC:

Name	Details	Value
	aqua (freshwater)	0,082 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,0082
		(mg/L)
butan-1-ol	aqua (intermittent releases)	2,25 (mg/L)
CAS No: 71-36-3	STP	2476 (mg/L)
CAS NO: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6	sediment (freshwater)	0,178 (mg/kg
LC NO. 200-751-0		sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	0,0178
		(mg/kg
		sediment dw)

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	soil	0,015 (mg/kg
		soil dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	0,4 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,04 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	11 (mg/L)
	STP	10 (mg/L)
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol	sediment (freshwater)	1,52 (mg/kg
CAS No: 78-83-1		sediment dw)
EC No: 201-148-0	sediment (marine water)	0,152 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	soil	0,0699
		(mg/kg soil
		dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	0,5 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,05 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	5 (mg/L)
	STP	5 (mg/L)
propionic acid	sediment (freshwater)	1,86 (mg/kg
CAS No: 79-09-4		sediment dw)
EC No: 201-176-3	sediment (marine water)	0,186 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	soil	0,1258
		(mg/kg soil
		dw)

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.

### 8.2 Exposure controls.

<u>Measures of a technical nature:</u> Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

Concentration:	100 %		
Uses:			
<b>Breathing protec</b>	tion:		
PPE:	Filter mask for protection against gases and particles.		
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III. The mask must have a wide field of vision and an anatomically designed form in order to be sealed and watertight.		
CEN standards:	EN 136, EN 140, EN 405		
Maintenance:	Should not be stored in places exposed to high temperatures and damp environments before use. Special attention should be paid to the state of the inhalation and exhalation valves in the face adaptor.		
Observations:	Read carefully the manufacturer's instructions regarding the equipment's use and maintenance. Attach the necessary filters to the equipment according to the specific nature of the risk (Particles and aerosols: P1-P2-P3, Gases and vapours: A-B-E-K-AX), changing them as advised by the manufacturer.		
Filter Type needed:			
Hand protection:			
PPE:	Protective gloves against chemicals.		
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III.		
CEN standards:	EN 374-1, En 374-2, EN 374-3, EN 420		
Maintenance:	Keep in a dry place, away from any sources of heat, and avoid exposure to sunlight as much as possible. Do not make any changes to the gloves that may alter their resistance, or apply paints, solvents or adhesives.		
Observations:	Gloves should be of the appropriate size and fit the user's hand well, not being too loose or too tight. Always use with clean, dry hands.		
Material:	PVC (polyvinyl chloride)Breakthrough time (min.):> 480Material thickness (mm):0,35		
Eye protection:			
PPE:	Protective goggles with built-in frame.		
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Eye protector with built-in frame for protection against dust, smoke, fog and vapour.		
CEN standards:	EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168		

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Maintenance:	Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions. Some signs of wear and tear include: yellow colouring of the lenses, superficial scratching of the lenses,
Observations:	scraping etc.
Skin protection:	
PPE:	Protective clothing.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Protective clothing should not be too tight or loose in order not to obstruct the user's movements.
CEN standards:	EN 340
Maintenance:	In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer.
Observations:	The protective clothing should offer a level of comfort in line with the level of protection provided in terms of the hazard against which it protects, bearing in mind environmental conditions, the user's level of activity and the expected time of use.
PPE:	Work footwear.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II.
CEN standards:	EN ISO 13287, EN 20347
Maintenance:	This product adapts to the first user's foot shape. That is why, as well as for hygienic reasons, it should not be used by other people.
Observations:	Work footwear for professional use includes protection elements aimed at protecting users against any injury resulting from an accident

# SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance: Liquid with characteristic odour Colour: N.A./N.A. Odour:N.A./N.A. Odour threshold:N.A./N.A. pH:N.A./N.A. Melting point:N.A./N.A. Boiling Point: N.A./N.A. Flash point: > 60 °C Evaporation rate: N.A./N.A. Inflammability (solid, gas): N.A./N.A. Lower Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Upper Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Vapour pressure: N.A./N.A. Vapour density:N.A./N.A. Relative density:1,19-1,25 Solubility:N.A./N.A. Liposolubility: N.A./N.A. Hydrosolubility: N.A./N.A. Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A./N.A. Auto-ignition temperature: N.A./N.A. Decomposition temperature: N.A./N.A. Viscosity: N.A./N.A. Explosive properties: N.A./N.A. Oxidizing properties: N.A./N.A. N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

### 9.2 Other information.

Dropping point: N.A./N.A. Blink: N.A./N.A. Kinematic viscosity: N.A./N.A. N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

# SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.

### 10.1 Reactivity.

The product does not present hazards by their reactivity.

### 10.2 Chemical stability.

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

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Stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The product does not present possibility of hazardous reactions.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid.

Avoid any improper handling.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials.

Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly alkaline or acidic materials in order to prevent exothermic reactions.

### **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.**

No decomposition if used for the intended uses.

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

#### **11.1** Information on toxicological effects.

#### Toxicological information about the substances present in the composition.

N	Acute toxicity				
Name	Туре	Test	Kind	Value	
xylene	Oral	LD50	Rat	4300 mg/kg bw [1] strial Health. Vol. 14, Pg. 387, 1956	
		LD50	Rabbit	> 1700 mg/kg bw [1]	
	Dermal	[1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 123, 1974			
		LC50	Rat	21,7 mg/l/4 h [1]	
CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7	Inhalation		aterial Data Ha 1, Pg. 123, 193		
		LD50	Rat	4360 mg/kg bw [1]	
	Oral	[1] Union Carbide Corp. Bushy Run Research Ce Report No.14-73. Export, PA. 1951.			
butan-1-ol		LD50	Rabbit	3402 mg/kg bw [1]	
	Dermal	[1] Union Carbide Corp. Bushy Run Research Center, Project Report No.14-73. Export, PA. 1951.			
		LC50	Rat	7500 ppm (8 h) [1]	
CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6	Inhalation		Carbide Corp. E .14-73. Export,	Bushy Run Research Center, Project PA. 1951.	
		LD50	Rat	2830 mg/kg bw [1]	
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol	Oral	toxicity ar inhalation tests)". B Lab. Proj.	nd irritancy t toxicity) and Bushy Run Rese ID 92U1166	ember 30, 1993. "Isobutanol: Acute esting using the rat (peroral and the rabbit (cutaneous and ocular earch Center, Union Carbide Corp.	
		LD50	Rabbit	4240 mg/kg bw [1]	
	Dermal		H.F. Jr. et al.: (1954) as cite	AMA Arch. Ind. Hyg. Occup. Med., d in IUCLID.	
CAS No: 78-83-1 EC No: 201-148-0	Inhalation				

a) acute toxicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

b) skin corrosion/irritation;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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c) serious eye damage/irritation;
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

e) germ cell mutagenicity; Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

h) STOT-single exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

i) STOT-repeated exposure; Not conclusive data for classification.

j) aspiration hazard;Product classified:Aspiration toxicity, Category 1: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

# SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

### 12.1 Toxicity.

Name	Ecotoxicity				
Name	Туре	Test	Kind	Value	
xylene	Fish	LC50 Fish 15,7 mg/l (96 h) [1] [1] Bailey, H.C., D.H.W. Liu, and H.A. Javitz 1985. Time/Toxicity Relationships in Short-Term Static, Dynamic, and Plug-Flow Bioassays. In: R.C.Bahner and D.J.Hansen (Eds.), Aquatic Toxicology and Hazard Assessment, 8th Symposium, ASTM STP 891, Philadelphia, PA :193-212			
	Aquatic invertebrates	LC50 Crustacean 8,5 mg/l (48 h) [1] [1] Tatem, H.E., B.A. Cox, and J.W. Anderson 1978. The Toxicity of Oils and Petroleum Hydrocarbons to Estuarine Crustaceans. Estuar.Coast.Mar.Sci. 6(4):365-373. Tatem, H.E. 1975. The Toxicity and Physiological Effects of Oil and Petroleum Hydrocarbons on Estuarine Grass Shrimp Palaemonetes pugio (Holthuis). Ph.D.Thesis, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX :133 p			
CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7	Aquatic plants				
butan-1-ol	Fish	LC50	Pimephales promelas	1376 mg/L (96 h) [1]	
		[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.			
	Aquatic invertebrates	Aquatic To		1328 mg/L (48 h) [1] I J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Ivents. Equilon Enterprises, rd WTC-3520.	

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	Aquatic plants	Selenastrum Capricornutum (Pseudokirchnerell a subcapitata)		
CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6		[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.		
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol	Fish	EC50 Pimephales 1430 mg/L (96 h h) [1] promelas		
		[1] Brooke, L.T. et al., 1984. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas). Vol. I. Center for Lake Superior Environmental Studies. University of Wisconsin-Superior.		
		EC50 Daphnia magna 1300 mg/L (48 h) [1]		
	Aquatic invertebrates	[1] Elnabarawy MT, Welter AN, Robideau RR. 1986. relative sensitivity of three daphnid species to selected organic and inorganic chemicals. Environ Toxicol Chem 5: 393-398.		
	Aquatic plants	Selenastrum Capricornutum (Pseudokirchnerell a subcapitata)		
CAS No: 78-83-1 EC No: 201-148-0		[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.		

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability.

No information is available regarding the biodegradability of the substances present. No information is available on the degradability of the substances present.No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.

Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

Name	Bioaccumulation			
Name	Log Pow	BCF	NOECs	Level
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one, di-isobutyl ketone	2,56	_	_	Low
CAS No: 108-83-8 EC No: 203-620-1	2,50	_	-	LOW
Nonane	4,76	-	-	High
CAS No: 111-84-2 EC No: 203-913-4	4,70			
butan-1-ol	0,84	_	_	Very low
CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6	0,64	-		veryiow
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol	0,76	-	-	Very low
CAS No: 78-83-1 EC No: 201-148-0				
propionic acid	0.22	_		Vorylow
CAS No: 79-09-4 EC No: 201-176-3	0,33	-	-	Very low
1-methoxy-2-propanol, monopropylene glycol methyl ether	-0,44	-	-	Very low

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CAS No: 107-98-2 EC No: 203-539-1		
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### 12.4 Mobility in soil.

No information is available about the mobility in soil. The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways. Prevent penetration into the ground.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects.

No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods.

Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.

Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.**

Transport following ADR rules for road transport, RID rules for railway, ADN for inner waterways, IMDG for sea, and ICAO/IATA for air transport.

Land: Transport by road: ADR, Transport by rail: RID. Transport documentation: Consignment note and written instructions Sea: Transport by ship: IMDG. Transport documentation: Bill of lading Air: Transport by plane: ICAO/IATA. Transport document: Airway bill.

# 14.1 UN number.

UN No: UN1263

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name.

Description: ADR: UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG III, (D/E) IMDG: UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG III ICAO/IATA: UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG III

# 14.3 Transport hazard class(es).

Class(es): 3

# 14.4 Packing group.

Packing group: III

### 14.5 Environmental hazards.

Marine pollutant: No

### 14.6 Special precautions for user.

Labels: 3



Hazard number: 30

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ADR LQ: 5 L IMDG LQ: 5 L ICAO LQ: 10 L

Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR. Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-E,<u>S-E</u> Proceed in accordance with point 6.

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code.

The product is not transported in bulk.

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

#### Volatile organic compound (VOC)

Product Subcategory (Directive 2004/42/EC): d - Interior/exterior trim and cladding paints for wood and metal, solvent-borne Phase I\* (from 01/01/2007): 400 g/l Phase II\* (from 01/01/2010): 300 g/l (\*) g/l ready to use

VOC content (p/p): 14,459 % VOC content: 172,066 g/l

The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

Product classification according to Annex I of Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): N/A

The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.

The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment.

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.**

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
- H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Classification codes:

Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4 Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4 Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Aquatic Acute 1 : Acute toxicity to the aquatic environment, Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 3 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 3 Asp. Tox. 1 : Aspiration toxicity, Category 1 Carc. 2 : Carcinogen, Category 2 Eye Dam. 1 : Serious eye damage, Category 1 Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid, Category 3 Repr. 2 : Reproductive toxicant, Category 1 Skin Corr. 1B : Skin Corrosive, Category 1B Skin Irrit. 2 : Skin irritant, Category 2 Skin Sens. 1 : Skin sensitiser, Category 1 STOT SE 3 : Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3

Changes regarding to the previous version:

- Modification in the values of the physical and chemical properties (SECTION 9).

- National legislative changes (SECTION 15.1).

# Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards	On basis of test data
Health hazards	Calculation method
Environmental hazards	Calculation method

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

Abbreviations and acronyms used:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
- BCF: Bioconcentration factor.
- CEN: European Committee for Standardization.
- DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be
- considered a tolerable minimum.
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.
- EC50: Half maximal effective concentration.
- PPE: Personal protection equipment.
- IATA: International Air Transport Association.
- ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
- LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%.
- LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.
- Log Pow: Logarithm of the partition octanol-water.
- NOEC: No observed effect concentration.
- PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.
- RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

Key literature references and sources for data: http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html http://echa.europa.eu/ Regulation (EU) 2015/830. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration,

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Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.