(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

# **STRPB-33- PLIOLITE COATING**

Version 1 Date of compilation: 14/01/2020

Version 7 (replaces version 6) Revision date: 04/09/2020 Print date: 29/10/2020

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

### 1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name: 33- REVESTIMIENTO PLIOLITE BLANCO

Product Code: STRPB

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.

Not available.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Company: PINTURAS AYELENSES, S.L.

Address: POLÍGONO SAN JOSÉ, S/N City: AIELO DE MALFERIT

Province: VALENCIA Telephone: 962360292 Fax: 962360601

E-mail: info@pinturaspinay.com Web: www.pinturaspinay.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number: 962360292 (Only available during office hours; Monday-Friday; 08:00-18:00)

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Aquatic Acute 1: Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic Chronic 1: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Asp. Tox. 1: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Flam. Liq. 2: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Lact.: May cause harm to breast-fed children.

### 2.2 Label elements.

### Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Pictograms:







### Signal Word:

### **Danger**

H statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
 H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.
 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P statements:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P263 Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use... to extinguish.

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EUH statements:

EUH208 Contains Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated. May produce an allergic reaction.

### Contains:

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified, [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135 oC to 210 oC (275oF to 410oF).] alkanes, C14-17, chloro, chlorinated paraffins, C14-17

### 2.3 Other hazards.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.**

### 3.1 Substances.

Not Applicable.

### 3.2 Mixtures.

Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

			(*)Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
Identifiers	Name	Concentrate	Classification	specific concentration limit
Index No: 649-356- 00-4 CAS No: 64742-95-6 EC No: 265-199-0 Registration No: 01- 2119486773-24-XXXX	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified, [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135 oC to 210 oC (275oF to 410oF).] (contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene)	10 - 50 %	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	,
CAS No: 13463-67-7 EC No: 236-675-5 Registration No: 01- 2119489379-17-XXXX	[1] Titanium dioxide	10 - 25 %	-	-
Index No: 602-095- 00-X CAS No: 85535-85-9 EC No: 287-477-0 Registration No: 01- 2119519269-33-XXXX	alkanes, C14-17, chloro, chlorinated paraffins, C14-17	0.3 - 10 %	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) - Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100) - Lact., H362	-
CAS No: 85711-46-2 EC No: 288-306-2	Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	0.1 - 1 %	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	-
Index No: 604-006- 00-X CAS No: 1300-71-6 EC No: 215-089-3	xylenol	0.1 - 1 %	Acute Tox. 3 *, H311 - Acute Tox. 3 *, H301 - Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 - Skin Corr. 1B, H314	-
CAS No: 64742-48-9 Registration No: 01- 2119463258-33-XXXX	Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	0 - 10 %	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H336	-

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Index No: 601-023- 00-4 CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4 Registration No: 01- 2119489370-35-XXXX	[1] ethylbenzene	0 - 10 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT RE 2, H373(órganos de audición)	-
Index No: 606-005- 00-X CAS No: 108-83-8 EC No: 203-620-1 Registration No: 01- 2119474441-41-XXXX	[1] 2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one, di-isobutyl ketone	0 - 10 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H335	STOT SE 3, H335: C ≥ 10 %

<sup>(\*)</sup> The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet.

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

#### Inhalation.

Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration. Do not administer anything orally. If unconscious, place them in a suitable position and seek medical assistance.

### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and if it is easy to do. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance.

### Skin contact.

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

### **Ingestion**

If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Harmful Product, prolonged exposure due to inhalation may cause anaesthetic effects and the need for immediate medical assistance.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. Do not induce vomiting. If the person vomits, clear the respiratory tract.

### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.**

The product is Highly inflammable, it can cause or considerably worsen a fire, the necessary prevention measures should be taken and risks avoided. In case of fire, the following measures are recommended:

### 5.1 Extinguishing media.

### Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguisher powder or CO2. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray.

### **Unsuitable extinguishing media:**

Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

### Special risks.

<sup>\*</sup> See Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, Annex VI, section 1.2.

<sup>[1]</sup> Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).

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Fire can cause thick, black smoke. As a result of thermal decomposition, dangerous products can form: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

During a fire and depending on its magnitude the following may occur:

- Flammable vapors or gases.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters.

Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways. Product residues and extinguishing media may contaminate the aquatic environment. Follow the instructions given in the emergency or fire evacuation plan or plans if available.

### Fire protection equipment.

According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots. During extinction and depending on the magnitude and proximity to the fire, additional protective equipment such as chemical protection gloves, heat-reflecting suits or gas-tight suits may be required.

### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Eliminate possible ignition points and ventilate the area. No smoking. Avoid breathing fumes. For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions.

Product dangerous for the environment, in case of large spills or if the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the responsible authorities according to local legislation. Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Contain and collect spillage with inert absorbent material (earth, sand, vermiculite, Kieselguhr...) and clean the area immediately with a suitable decontaminant.

Deposit waste in closed and suitable containers for disposal, in compliance with local and national regulations

### 6.4 Reference to other sections.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling.

The fumes are heavier than air and can spread across the ground. They can form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive fume concentrations in the air; prevent fume concentrations above work exposure limits. The product must only be used in areas where all unprotected flames and other ignition points have been eliminated. Electrical equipment has to be protected according to applicable standards.

The product can be electrostatically charged: always use earth grounds when transferring the product. Operators must use antistatic footwear and clothing, and floors must be conductors.

Keep the container tightly closed and isolated from heat sources, sparks, and fire. Do not use tools that can cause sparks.For personal protection, see section 8.

In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.

Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.

Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers. Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 25° C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills.

The product is not affected by Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III).

# 7.3 Specific end use(s).

Not available.

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### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.**

### 8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

Name	CAS No.	Country	Limit value	ppm	mg/m³
	13463-67-7	United Kingdom [1]	Eight hours		10 (total inhalable)
		Killiguolii [1]	Short term		
Titanium dioxide		Éire [2]	Eight hours		10 (Inhalable dust) 4 (Respirable dust)
			Short term		
		European	Eight hours	100 (skin)	442 (skin)
		Union [3]	Short term	200 (skin)	884 (skin)
		United	Eight hours	100	441
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	125	552
		Éire [2]	Eight hours	100	442
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Life [2]	Short term	200	884
Carly identization	100 11 1	United States	Eight hours	5	
		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	30	
		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term	125	
		United States	Eight hours	100	435
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		
		United	Eight hours	25	148
		Kingdom [1]	Short term		
		Éire [2]	Eight hours	25	150
			Short term		
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one, di-isobutyl	108-83-8	United States	Eight hours	25	
ketone	100 05 0	[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	25	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	50	290
E17 Apparating Limit Value (IOELV) list in		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		

<sup>[1]</sup> According Limit Value (IOELV) list in 2nd Indicative Occupational Exposure adobted by Health and Safety Executive.

Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

Name	DNEL/DMEL	Туре	Value
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., Low boiling		Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	100
point naphtha -unspecified, [A complex combination of	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic			
streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic			
hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly			
in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range			
of approximately 135 oC to 210 oC (275oF to 410oF).]			
CAS No: 64742-95-6			
EC No: 265-199-0			

<sup>[2]</sup> According Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemicals Agents) Regulations adopted by Health and Safety Authority (HSA).

<sup>[3]</sup> According both Binding Occupational Esposure Limits (BOELVs) and Indicative Occupational Exposure Limits (IOELVs) adopted by Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits to Chemical Agents (SCOEL).

<sup>[4]</sup> California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).

<sup>[5]</sup> According Compendium of Policy Documents and Statements adopted by National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH).

<sup>[6]</sup> According Occupational Health and Safety Standards and US Code of Federal Regulations adopted by US Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.

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Titanium dioxide CAS No: 13463-67-7 EC No: 236-675-5	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	10 (mg/m³)
alkanes, C14-17, chloro, chlorinated paraffins, C14-17 CAS No: 85535-85-9 EC No: 287-477-0	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	6,7 (mg/m³)
ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	77 (mg/m³)
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one, di-isobutyl ketone CAS No: 108-83-8	DNEL (Workers) DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	290 (mg/m³) 479
EC No: 203-620-1	(Workers)		(mg/m³)

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.

### 8.2 Exposure controls.

# **Measures of a technical nature:**

Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

Concentration:	100 %				
Uses:					
Breathing protecti					
PPE:	Filter mask for protection against gases and particles.				
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III. The mask must have a wide field of vision and an anatomically designed form in order to be sealed and watertight.				
CEN standards:	EN 136, EN 140, EN 405				
Maintenance:	Should not be stored in places exposed to high temperatures and damp environments before use. Special attention should be paid to the state of the inhalation and exhalation valves in the face adaptor.  Read carefully the manufacturer's instructions regarding the equipment's use and maintenance. Attach				
Observations:	the necessary filters to the equipment according to the specific nature of the risk (Particles and aerosols: P1-P2-P3, Gases and vapours: A-B-E-K-AX), changing them as advised by the manufacturer.				
Filter Type needed:	A2				
Hand protection:					
PPE:	Protective gloves against chemicals.				
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III.				
CEN standards:	EN 374-1, En 374-2, EN 374-3, EN 420				
Maintenance:	Keep in a dry place, away from any sources of heat, and avoid exposure to sunlight as much as possible. Do not make any changes to the gloves that may alter their resistance, or apply paints, solvents or adhesives.				
Observations:	Gloves should be of the appropriate size and fit the user's hand well, not being too loose or too tight. Always use with clean, dry hands.				
Material:	PVC (polyvinyl chloride) Breakthrough time (min.): Material thickness (mm): 0,35				
Eye protection:					
PPE:	Protective goggles with built-in frame.				
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Eye protector with built-in frame for protection against dust, smoke, fog and vapour.				
CEN standards:	EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168				
Maintenance:	Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions.				
Observations:	Some signs of wear and tear include: yellow colouring of the lenses, superficial scratching of the lenses, scraping etc.				
Skin protection:					
PPE:	Anti-static protective clothing.				
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Protective clothing should not be too tight or loose in order not to obstruct the user's movements.				
CEN standards:	EN 340, EN 1149-1, EN 1149-2, EN 1149-3, EN 1149-5				
Maintenance:	In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer.				

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The protective clothing should offer a level of comfort in line with the level of protection provided in Observations: terms of the hazard against which it protects, bearing in mind environmental conditions, the user's level of activity and the expected time of use.

PPF: Anti-static safety footwear. Characteristics: «CE» marking, category II.

EN ISO 13287, EN ISO 20344, EN ISO 20346 CEN standards: Maintenance: The footwear should be checked regularly

The level of comfort during use and acceptability are factors that are assessed very differently depending

Observations: on the user. Therefore, it is advisable to try on different footwear models and, if possible, different

widths

### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance: White liquid with characteristic odour

Colour: N.A./N.A. Odour: N.A./N.A.

Odour threshold:N.A./N.A.

pH:N.A./N.A.

Melting point: N.A./N.A. Boiling Point: N.A./N.A. Flash point: 18 °C Evaporation rate: N.A./N.A.

Inflammability (solid, gas): N.A./N.A. Lower Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Upper Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Vapour pressure: N.A./N.A. Vapour density: N.A./N.A. Relative density: 1.45-1.51 Solubility: N.A./N.A. Liposolubility: N.A./N.A.

Hydrosolubility: N.A./N.A. Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A./N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A./N.A. Decomposition temperature: N.A./N.A.

Viscosity: N.A./N.A.

Explosive properties: N.A./N.A. Oxidizing properties: N.A./N.A.

N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

### 9.2 Other information. Dropping point: N.A./N.A.

Blink: N.A./N.A.

Kinematic viscosity: N.A./N.A.

N.A./N.A. = Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.**

### 10.1 Reactivity.

The product does not present hazards by their reactivity.

### 10.2 Chemical stability.

Stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The product does not present possibility of hazardous reactions.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid.

Avoid any improper handling.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials.

Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly alkaline or acidic materials in order to prevent exothermic reactions.

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### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.

No decomposition if used for the intended uses.

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects.

Toxicological information about the substances present in the composition.

Name		Acute toxicity				
Name	Туре	Test	Kind	Value		
		LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg bw [1]		
	Oral					
		[1] AMA A	[1] AMA Archives of Industrial Health. Vol. 14, Pg. 387, 1956			
ethylbenzene		LD50	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg bw [1]		
	Dermal					
		[1] Food a	ind Cosmetics T	oxicology. Vol. 13, Pg. 803, 1975		
CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-	Inhalation					

a) acute toxicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE):

Mixtures:

ATE (Dermal) = 73.080 mg/kg

ATE (Oral) = 24.360 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

c) serious eye damage/irritation;

Not conclusive data for classification.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

g) reproductive toxicity;

Product classified:

Effects on or via lactation: May cause harm to breast-fed children.

h) STOT-single exposure;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

j) aspiration hazard;

Product classified:

Aspiration toxicity, Category 1: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.**

### 12.1 Toxicity.

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Name		Ecotoxicity				
		Туре	Test	Kind	Value	
ethylbenzene		Fish	LC50 Fish 80 mg/l (96 h) [1] [1] Mayer, F.L.Jr., and M.R. Ellersieck 1986. Manual of Acute Toxicity: Interpretation and Data Base for 410 Chemicals and 66 Species of Freshwater Animals. Resour.Publ.No.160, U.S.Dep.Interior, Fish Wildl.Serv., Washington, DC:505 p. (USGS Data File)			
		Aquatic invertebrates	LC50 Crustacean 16,2 mg/l (48 h) [1] [1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and Artemia. Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia :64 p			
CAS No: 100-41-4	EC No: 202-849-4	Aquatic plants	M.L. Tosato of Aquatic Ecotoxicol.l Boeri, and Determine Highly Vola	o 1988. Approaches Organisms to Aroma Environ.Saf. 16(2):19 J.D. Walker 1994. S	58-169. Masten, L.W., R.L. tategies Employed to exicity of Ethyl Benzene, a soluble Chemical.	

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability.

No information is available regarding the biodegradability of the substances present.

No information is available on the degradability of the substances present. No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.

Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

Name		Bioaccumulation				
		Pow	BCF	NOECs	Level	
ethylbenzene	2.4	_			Madausta	
CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849	.4	.5	-	-	Moderate	
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one, di-isobutyl ketone		2.50			Laur	
CAS No: 108-83-8 EC No: 203-620	2,5	סס	-	-	Low	

### 12.4 Mobility in soil.

No information is available about the mobility in soil.

The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways.

Prevent penetration into the ground.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

### 12.6 Other adverse effects.

No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.**

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods.

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Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.

Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.**

Transport following ADR rules for road transport, RID rules for railway, ADN for inner waterways, IMDG for sea, and ICAO/IATA for

**Land:** Transport by road: ADR, Transport by rail: RID.

Transport documentation: Consignment note and written instructions

Sea: Transport by ship: IMDG.

Transport documentation: Bill of lading Air: Transport by plane: ICAO/IATA. Transport document: Airway bill.

### 14.1 UN number. UN No: UN1263

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name.

Description:

ADR: UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG III, (D/E)

IMDG: UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (ALKANES, C14-17, CHLORO CHLORINATED PARAFFINS, C14-17), 3, PG III,

MARINE POLLUTANT

UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG III ICAO/IATA:

### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es).

Class(es): 3

### 14.4 Packing group.

Packing group: III

### 14.5 Environmental hazards.

Marine pollutant: Yes



Dangerous for the environment

## 14.6 Special precautions for user.

Labels: 3



Hazard number: 30 ADR LQ: 5 L IMDG LQ: 5 L ICAO LQ: 10 L

Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR. Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-E,S-E Proceed in accordance with point 6.

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code.

The product is not transported in bulk.

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

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### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.**

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Volatile organic compound (VOC)

Product Subcategory (Directive 2004/42/EC): c - Exterior walls of mineral substrate, solvent-borne

Phase I\* (from 01/01/2007): 450 g/l Phase II\* (from 01/01/2010): 430 g/l

(\*) g/l ready to use

VOC content (p/p): 29,448 % VOC content: 426,994 g/l

The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for

Product classification according to Annex I of Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): N/A

The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal

The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment.

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.**

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H304

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H314

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H336 May cause harm to breast-fed children. H362

May cause damage to organs <or state all organs affected, if known> through prolonged or repeated exposure H373

<state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.(órganos de audición)

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411

### Classification codes:

Acute Tox. 3 : Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 3 Acute Tox. 3 : Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 3 Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4

Aquatic Acute 1: Acute toxicity to the aquatic environment, Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1: Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 2: Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 2

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration toxicity, Category 1 Flam. Liq. 2 : Flammable liquid, Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquid, Category 3

Lact.: Effects on or via lactation

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Skin Corr. 1B: Skin Corrosive, Category 1B Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritant, Category 2 Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitiser, Category 1

STOT RE 2 : Specific target organ toxicity following a repeated exposure, Category 2 STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3

Changes regarding to the previous version:

- Change of the name of the product (SECTION 1.1).
- Change of the uses of the product (SECTION 1.2).
- Changes in the composition of the product (SECTION 3.2).
- Modification in the values of the physical and chemical properties (SECTION 9).
- Change in the hazard classification (SECTION 11.1).
- National legislative changes (SECTION 15.1).

### Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data Health hazards Calculation method Environmental hazards Calculation method

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

Abbreviations and acronyms used:

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

BCF: Bioconcentration factor.

European Committee for Standardization. CEN:

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be

considered a tolerable minimum.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not

anticipated.

Half maximal effective concentration. EC50: Personal protection equipment. PPE: IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%.

LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.

Log Pow: Logarithm of the partition octanol-water. NOEC: No observed effect concentration.

RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

Key literature references and sources for data:

http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html

http://echa.europa.eu/

Regulation (EU) 2015/830. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.